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☞Try it for your paper before you stop it, if stop you must. None but scalawags do otherwise.—Be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates :

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Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

GOOD-BYE TO PROFITS

We are selling off all our Winter Stock at LESS THAN COST. The reason for this Startling Reduction is that we must have room. Spring will soon be here and rather carry anything over we will sell at a sacrifice. A Genuine Bargain for everybody.

NOTICE A FEW OF OUR PRICES.

Men's Fine Suits,	$ 3.50; former price, $ 5.00
Men's Fine Suits,	7.00; former price, 10.00
Men's Fine Suits,	8.00; former price, 12.00
Men's Fine Suits,	9.00; former price, 14.00
Men's Fine Suits,	10.00; former price, 15.00
Youth's Fine Suits—the best,	2.26, 2.50, 3.00 and 3.50
Men's Fine Overcoats,	5.00; former price, 8.00
Men's Fine Overcoats,	6.00; former price, 9.00
Men's Fine Overcoats,	7.00; former price, 12.00
Men's Fine Overcoats,	9.00; former price, 15.00

We Will Now Offer You Great Bargains in Shoes.

Men's Fine Dress Shoes,	$1.25 to $3.00
Boys' Fine Dress Shoes,	.80 to 1.50
Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes,	1.25 to 2.75
Children's Fine Dress Shoes,	.20 to 1.50

Notice Our Prices on Dry Goods.

All-Wool Henrietta, finest,	35 cents.
Lancaster Ginghams,	5 cents.
Fine Cashmeres, in all colors,	22½c., worth 40c.
Fine Cashmeres, in all colors,	30c., worth 50c.
Fine All-Wool Cloth, in all colors,	35c., worth 60c.
Fine Gingham,	5c., worth 8c.
Fine Bleached Muslin,	8c., worth 10c.
Fine Unbleached Muslin,	6c., worth 8c.
Fine Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannel,	7c., worth 10c.
Fine Blue Calico,	6c., worth 8c.
A full line of Blankets,	75c. to $4 a pair.
A full line of Horse Blankets.	

How Do You Like These Prices on Potters' Oil Cloth?

Fine Floor Oil Cloth, 1 yard wide,	25c. per yard.
Fine Floor Oil Cloth, 1¼ yards wide,	35c. per yard.
Fine Floor Oil Cloth, 2 yards wide,	55c. per yard.
Fine Table Oil Cloth, assorted,	20c. per yard.

☞A FEW LADIES' COATS TO CLOSE OUT AT $3.50, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 AND $7.00; FORMER PRICES, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00 AND $12.00.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Fine Underwear from 25c. up to $1.00 for the best. Fine Over Shirts, Jersey or Cloth, from 40c. up to 1.25, the best. Fine Hats from 50c. to 1.50 for the finest. Our 1.50 Hat is as good as any other Hat in the country for 2.50. We also have a fine line of Trunks—the Cheapest and Best you ever saw. Come one and all. We are always ready to show our goods.

Economy Clothing and Dry Goods House,

Next Door to Bank, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

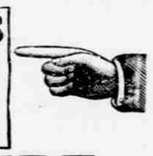
Ely's Cream Balm
THE CURE FOR
CATARRH
HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.
50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

A FOOL

CURE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



Sick Headache and relieves all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

ver wants to learn, but the

WISE MAN

reads that

OLD HONESTY
CHEWING TOBACCO

the best that is made, and ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.

P. PUNKER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

TRY TO ADVERTISE.

TAKE ALL THE NEWS, READ THE FREEMAN. $1.50 per year.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency,

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 29.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 56@57c; No. 2 red, 55@56c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 47@48c; mixed ear, 46@46c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 46@47c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 36@36½c; No. 2 do., 35½@36c; extra No. 3 white, 35@35½c; mixed, 34@34½c.

HAY—Choice timothy, $12.00@12.50; No. 1 timothy, $11.25@11.50; No. 2 timothy, $10.75@11.00; mixed clover and timothy, $10.75@11.00; packing, $9.00@9.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.50@9.00; wagon hay, $14.00@16.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 27@28c; Ohio fancy creamery, 22@23c; fancy country roll, 18@20c; low grades and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Ohio, mild, 11@11½c; New York new, 11½@12c; limberger, full make, 10½@11c; Wisconsin Swiss, 13@13½c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio cases, 24@25c; storage, 18@19c; southern and western, fresh, 21@22c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; ducks, 60@80c per pair, as to size; dressed chickens, 10@12c per pound; turkeys, 11@12c per pound; ducks, 14@15c; live turkeys, 8@9c per pound; live geese, 90c@$1.00 per pair.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Jan. 29.

CATTLE—Receipts fair, but the demand is only fair, market opening up slow at unchanged prices from yesterday's quotations. Prime, $5.00@5.30; good, $4.45@4.95; good butchers, $3.90@4.15; rough fat, $3.00@3.70; fair light steers, $3.10@3.85; good fat cows and heifers, $3.25@3.80; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.25; fresh cows and springers, $15@35.

HOGS—Receipts light today; demand only fair, while the quality of stock is not very good; steady at unchanged prices. Heavy Philadelphias, $4.55@4.60; medium Philadelphias, $4.25@4.55; best Yorkers, $4.45@4.50; common to fair Yorkers, $4.30@4.40; roughs, $3.00@4.12½.

SHEEP—Supply fair and the market steady for both sheep and lambs. Extra, $3.60@3.85; good, $3.00@3.40; fair, $2.25@2.50; common, $1.00@2.00; yearlings, $2.50@3.75; best lambs, $4.60@4.90; common to fair lambs, $2.50@4.00; calves, $4.50@5.75; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.

HOGS—Market slow and lower at $3.75@4.50; receipts, 2,800 head; shipments, 900 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.00@5.00; receipts, 300 head; shipments, 200.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market in good demand and firm at $1.75@4.25; receipts, 400 head; shipments, none. Lambs firm at $3.75@4.50.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.

WHEAT—Spot market irregular. No. 2 red, store and elevator, 56½c; afloat, 58½c; f. o. b., 57½@57¾c afloat; No. 1 northern, 60½c delivered; No. 1 hard, 63¾c afloat.

CORN—Spot market irregular. No 2, 47½c elevator; steamer mixed, 46c; elevator, 47@47½c delivered; No. 3, 47c.

OATS—Spot market quiet. No. 2, 34@34½c; No. 3, 33½c; No. 2 white, 36@36¾c; No. 3 white, 35½c; mixed white western, 37@41c; mixed white state, 37@41c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 10½@11c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@9½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market firm and slightly higher; sheep, poor to fair, $3.00@4.00; lambs, common to choice, $4.50@5.62½.

HOGS—Market steady.

Coal Sells For $2.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—As a result of a railroad war soft coal has sold for $2 a ton, the lowest price ever known in Chicago. Six months ago the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road made a slight cut in its hauling rate on coal from Brazil, Ind. Other roads followed suit, the Illinois Central cutting its rates from the Illinois coalfields. The rate cutting continued until the Chicago and Eastern Illinois rate from Brazil has dropped from $1.10½ to 80 cents per ton. The Illinois Central has cut its Carbondale rate from $1.25 to 75 cents. As a result coal jobbers cut their prices on soft coal from $3 and $3.25 to $2 per ton

Approve Cleveland's Plan.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—The Merchants' Exchange, en masse, irrespective of the party feeling of its individual members, has adopted unanimously resolutions calling upon congress for the early enactment of a law covering the recommendations of President Cleveland.

HOME VIEWS OF EDISON.

Some of His Neighbors Don't Believe That He Is Such a Wonder, After All.

Prophets are not the only great people without honor in their own country, said a man who had spent some time at Menlo Park looking for Thomas A. Edison. I wanted to see the experimental apparatus on which the American wizard is at work with a view to reducing iron ore by electricity The workmen told me I could see it only with the permission of Mr. Edison, whom I could find somewhere about the place. To my disappointment I failed to find him, but I had an instructive search. The people thereabouts do not think the inventor of the kinetoscope is such a very great man.

"He only got it (the idea) accidentally," said one woman.

On my way out I met a locomotive engineer who knew Edison, and he told me with great glee of a really practical accomplishment of the inventor's ability to run a locomotive.

"Edison once rode in my cab," he said, "and he told me how, when he was a train dispatcher, he once forgot orders and allowed two trains on the same section of track. He corrected his mistake, but not so soon that the escape from collision was due to him, and he was discharged. While waiting for a train to the next town—it was in the west—an accident happened to an engineer who was to take an important train up the road. No one to replace him was at hand, and Edison took his place and ran the train. Think of that!" added the engineer.

HE KNEW A TENDERFOOT.

A Jerseyman's Exciting Experience with a Pennsylvania Mine Mule.

Patrick Murray, of Perth Amboy, N. J., had an exciting experience a few days ago with a mine mule at Summit Hill, Pa., which he will never forget, says the New York Post. When he reached the bottom of the slope and proceeded to explore the gangway he attracted the attention of one of the mules. He is at a loss to know what angered the animal, but the beast came for him at full speed, and Murray started for a "heading" with nothing but the light of a miner's lamp to guide him.

It was a race for life. The mule was rapidly closing the gap, when the Jerseyman reached two mine cars. He plunged between them. The mule countermarched and began using his hind feet with terrible effect. He kicked the stout oak planks of the car into kindling wood, and while he was occupied in this manner Murray made his escape and returned to the surface. He is fully satisfied that the mine mule is not to be trifled with, especially if you are a tenderfoot with a red necktie.

Wasted Forests.

Reckless waste is the thing that shocks the beholder in the Adirondack forests. It is partly the reckless waste of men, partly that of prodigal nature. Trees cut down are left to rot, corded wood neglected for years, large pines felled and burned where they lay for hunters' fires, all proclaim the wastefulness of the human denizen or visitor. Every forest, even close up on the edge of civilization, is a tangle of fallen trunks, blown or rotted down. They lie in every direction, some still intact for their whole length, others mingled with the soil, buried in leaves and vegetation.

DON'T LEAVE THE OLD HOME

Yes, Bill, I've thought about the scheme
That you proposed last night,
And, speaking plain, it doesn't seem
To me the least bit right.
Sometimes we have to work, it's true,
When we would rather play,
But that's no cause, in reason's view,
Why we should run away.

There's neither cruelty nor need
To drive us from our homes,
For love in every thought and deed
To our lot daily comes;
And I the sentiment believe—
By Longfellow expressed
In poem mother read last eve—
"To stay at home is best."

We've books and Nature's pages, too,
From which to grow in mind,
And in the healthful work we do
We'll strength of body find;
And what sweet consciousness we win
To richen memory's store,
By doing earnest duty in
The sphere God meant us for!

The time may ripen, Bill, when we
With "Godspeeds" from our own
May go forth in the world to see
If we the strength have grown
To work our way to heights of fame;
But till that day has come,
Let us continue still to claim
The cheer and love of home.

Let's brighten for the old folks, Bill,
The days of their decline,
And while we their life's measure fill
With joy, brim yours and mine;
And if to busy haunts of men
In future days we roam,
A flood of laughing sunshine then
Will link our hearts with home.
—Wade Whipple, in Pittsburgh Dispatch.

A RACE FOR LIFE.

BY A. TENDER FOOTE.

Late in the autumn of 1883 I, with three classmates of the School of Mines, invested in the lease of some mining property in Colorado. We were young and inexperienced in business matters, so that the financial part of the venture was rather unskillfully managed. Almost all the money we could raise was put into the necessary plant.

Before the snow stopped operations we had on the heap many tons of valuable ore. The depth of the snow, however, prevented its shipment to Pueblo for smelting, and we were obliged to lay off the miners, owing them at the time over a month's wages.

I made a hurried trip to New York to see if additional funds could be raised by two of the partners living in that city; but I was unsuccessful.

On my return I reached the little village of Mater, some four thousand feet below the mine, where I was told by Reynolds, the other partner, that there were rumblings of an approaching storm among the idle miners—about thirty in number.

We determined that we would go to the mine and talk over the state of affairs with the men. Unfortunately, it had been rumored that I had brought back with me a large sum of money which I had deposited in the local bank.

Soon after reaching our snow-covered cabin and making a fire—for the temperature was twenty degrees below zero—the door was thrust open and three sullen-looking men, who had evidently been drinking heavily, stalked in.

They wanted to know—as a committee of the miners—what we proposed to do about paying the wages due them.

We were armed. And we knew that they were.

I replied that I had been unsuccessful in my journey east and had returned to ask them to wait for the opening of the spring so that the ore could be realized on. The spokesman interrupted angrily:

"You lie! We ain't no fools. We know you've got five thousand dollars in the bank at Mater, and we propose to have our money and have it now!"

I said I would willingly sign a blank check and allow them to fill in any amount they wished and let them see if they could get it cashed.

The chairman of the committee called me to the little window of the cabin and pointing to a tree in the foreground, said: "Chambers, do you see that ar tree thar?"

I nodded.

"Well," he answered, "if at the end of three days you don't have the money here to pay us, we'll swing you from that lowest limb. And you don't leave this cabin, nuther. One of us and his gun will be outside the door all the time. Write this telegram: 'If you don't send three thousand dollars in three days, they'll hang me.' Sign it.'

I protested that I knew no one to send it to; but concluded that it would be wise to temporize and do as they wished, and I wrote and signed the message, directing it to my brother in New York.

They then left, placing one of their number on guard. An hour passed by and the almost perishing man came in, saying that he would stay inside and watch there.

Reynolds and I, after long deliberation, concluded to offer our individual notes to the men, payable at thirty days. We were escorted to the engine-house, and, after some further parleying, the men consented to accept and to escort us under a guard of two to the village below to get the needed blank.

How well I remember our walk down the mountain side, over the snow trail, in Indian file—Reynolds and I ahead and the two guards behind. The moon was shining at the full, and from the distance, adding a strange, uncanny feeling to our already overwrought nerves, came the cries of the puma—the mountain lion.

It was nine o'clock when we reached Mater and obtained the notes from the banker. We had taken a light supper of unwarmed canned meat only and were quite exhausted from the cold on our walk down. Retiring to the little office we owned in the village, we made out our promises to pay and gave them to the guard, who, notwithstanding, maintained his careful watch.

While sitting there, half frozen and discussing our position, two of the miners came in. They were the Malcolm brothers, both men of superior education and refinement. They said to us, in a low tone, fearing to be overheard by the watcher outside:

"Boys, although you have given these notes, you will still be prisoners. We have faith in you and believe you are square; but this is no place for you, and you ought to leave this camp and as quickly as possible. The fellows mean what they say and are bad men. They will stop at nothing to get their money; in fact they will think no more of hanging you than of smoking their evening pipes. Now, we will do anything in our power to serve you; and there are four more of us of the same kind. Command us!"

We told them how deeply we appreciated their loyalty to us and asked what they and we could do so that we might leave the camp. They replied:

"The train leaves the station at seven o'clock, a mile and a half below here, as you know. We will bring four horses here at 6:45. Be sure to be ready to start immediately. Get up quietly at six and put on only your mining clothes. Do not think of washing or do anything to attract the attention of the guard."

I said I would see that they and their mates were paid in full as soon as I reached New York: and we promised to be ready for them in the morning.

Little did we sleep that night. Before throwing ourselves on the cots in the rear office I looked out on the peaceful, moonlit scene, and there, pacing up and down, was the faithful sentinel—doing his best to keep warm. The sentries relieved each other every half hour. And so the night grew old and we were full of fears for the morning.

Promptly, as may be imagined, we quietly dressed and were ready and waiting for our faithful friends. Four horses were suddenly brought to a stand at the office door. The elder Malcolm dismounting, rushed in, saying:

"Now, boys, quick—and be ready to shoot if necessary."

We jumped on two of the horses—the Malcolm brothers on the others—and leaving two of the trusty ones to take care of the "held-up" guards, we galloped for our lives in the early morning.

Reynolds was ahead and his horse threw the frozen particles of ice and snow all over me, piercing me with a cold never felt before. During the night the thermometer had fallen another ten degrees.

The noise made by the men and horses at that early hour had brought out others of the disgruntled who had lived in the village since the shutdown; and we knew it would not be long before they secured other horses and followed us.

We reached the station at 6:55 and asked, nay, implored the conductor to pull out immediately. We explained the urgent reason for his doing so; but he said no power on earth would make him start before his scheduled time. To our excited imaginations the five minutes seemed like as many hours. At last the final second had gone and he signaled his engineer.

The next station was eight miles away, at which a stop of ten minutes was to be made. As we pulled out through the woods a mile beyond Mater we could see, only two hundred yards away, eight furious miners urging their horses with whips and oaths, on, on, on!

We pulled away from them and reached Fairfax on time. There again, the wait was as long as indicated on the local time-sheet; and although the conductor had already seen our need, no instant of the time was given us. When we started for the next station, twenty miles down the valley, we could see in the distance the same body of men just appearing on the top of a rise in the road half a mile to our rear.

When they saw our train had started they gradually slowed up.

Baffled!—Illustrated American.

THE MOORISH MERCHANT.

He Plays a Little Trick on His Mercenary Relatives.

A merchant sailed over the sea to a distant country, where he made a large fortune by his industry and cleverness.

Many years after he returned home. When he landed he heard that his relations had met to dine at a neighboring country house. He hurried there, and did not even wait to change his clothes, which had got somewhat damaged on the voyage.

When he entered the room where his relations were assembled they did not seem very glad to see him, because they thought that his shabby clothes proved that he was not very rich. A young Moor, whom he brought with him, was angry at their want of feeling, and said: "Those are bad men, for they do not rejoice at seeing their relation, after his long absence."

"Wait a moment," said the merchant in a whisper, "they will soon change their manner."

He put a ring which he had in his pocket on his finger, and behold all the faces brightened, and they pressed round dear Cousin William. Some shook hands with him, others embraced him, and all contended for the honor of taking him home.

"Has the ring bewitched them?" asked the Moor.

"Oh, no," said the merchant, "but they guess by it that I am rich, and that has more power over them than anything else."

"Oh, you blind men!" then exclaimed the Moor, it is not the ring that bewiched you, but the love of money. How is it possible that you can value yellow metal and transparent stones more highly than my master, who is such a noble man?"

"Wealth maketh many friends, but the poor is separated from his neighbor."—Philadelphia Press.

Chinese Executions.

The most honorable death in China is by strangulation, and high officials condemned to death receive their sentence from the emperor in the shape of a silken cord with which they hang themselves. As recently as 1861 the Japanese minister of foreign affairs solemnly disemboweled himself in the presence of his retainers because the government refused to adopt his policy with regard to foreign residents.

—As are families, so is society. If well ordered, well instructed and well governed, they are the springs from which go forth the streams of national greatness and prosperity—of civil order and public happiness.—Thayer.

—During the middle ages the belief was common that insanity was a form of demoniacal possession, and many cruelties were practiced on the demented for the purpose of expelling the supposed demons.

EVEN THE KING

Had to Make a Return Like a Common Citizen.

Of all the extraordinary communications that have ever reached King Humbert since he ascended to the throne, says a Rome letter, one which he received the other day for the purpose of inquiring in all seriousness whether he could read or write was perhaps the most extraordinary. And, to make matters worse, he was informed that he was required to give proof that he possessed a certain amount of education to do so. The letter in question was not the work of some irresponsible crank, but was a full-fledged communication bearing the signature of the burgomaster, or mayor, of the little town of Rheme Notre Dame, in Piedmont, where King Humbert happened to own some landed property.

As a land owner of the district the name of the king figures on the electoral register, and every citizen, before he is permitted to cast his vote, is obliged to furnish satisfactory evidence that he can read and write. Of course King Humbert has complied with the demands of the burgomaster, and has set an example to his subjects by performing his duties as a citizen.

Italy is about the only country where such an incident could occur, since in other monarchical countries, particularly England, the sovereign and the prince of the blood are subjected to the same restrictions as the peers of the realm, and are debarred from casting votes at the polls for the lower house of the legislature, the theory being that, possessing by virtue of their birth seats in the house of lords, it is not proper that they should in any way influence the elections to the lower chamber.

THIS MAN'S SIN.

His Single Aim Was to Get an Advertisement and He Succeeded.

Stand in the public thoroughfare gazing at anything real or imaginary and the dozens who gather round you will multiply soon into hundreds, and, if you stick to it, perhaps thousands. A crowd as big as the street could hold for a block gathered round a sign painter. They rallied in curious excitement and dispersed in disappointed disgust.

"My Sin," in huge flaming letters, was what the painter had already printed. If ever a crowd was bent on anything it was on the discovery of what that sin was. They asked each other what it might be and hazarded guesses while the man laid by his red paint pot and brought forth a green instead.

What would the next word be?

The crowd grew so excited they called to the man: "What is it?" "Tell us." "Go on." "Hurry." "Paint quick if you won't talk," until it seemed he might grow too bothered to print anything. But he did.

He printed out in small green letters, added to the gigantic "Sin," the syllable "gle," and when the sign was done it read: "My single aim is to sell at a nominal profit."

SAWED A SALOON IN TWO.

Straddling a State Line, It Made a Lot of Trouble.

Bill Lewis, one of the first to settle in Kansas City, and one of the wickedest men that ever lived there, died a few days ago, says a western exchange. Since 1866 he has been known as the king of Toad-a-Loup, a district which harbored about all the known criminals in town. The saloon he kept in Toad-a-Loup was hardly less notorious than himself. It was built exactly on the state line between Kansas and Missouri and was furnished with a movable bar. Lewis paid no license, and when the Missouri tax collector called upon him he moved his bar over in Kansas. When the authorities of the latter state attempted to arrest him he transferred his business in a minute to Missouri. He was arrested many times, but had to be released. Concerted action on the part of the authorities of both states finally ended the career of Lewis' barroom in Toad-a-Loup. The direction of the state line was chalked off on the saloon and the structure was sawed in two from roof to cellar with an immense cross-cut saw.

HIS LEG WAS BROKEN.

But It Was a Wooden Leg and Didn't Hurt Him Seriously.

Police officers detailed in charge of postal wagons see more of the woes and ills of suffering humanity than most people. Late one night a short time ago a Chicago saloonkeeper called for the ambulance from the West Chicago avenue station, saying there was a man lying on the sidewalk near Carpenter and Front streets badly injured and unconscious. The unfortunate was bundled into the ambulance and landed in the examining room at the county hospital. On the way to the hospital the sufferer became partially conscious and indicated that his right leg was the cause of great discomfort. He could not speak English, but the officers understood that his right leg had been injured. In the examining room he made an extremely wry face when the physican approached, and it was then discovered he had been drinking heavily. The physician felt the man's right leg between the knee and ankle without drawing up the pantaloons or exposing the skin, and found the bone broken badly four or five inches above the ankle, and the patient was then removed to the operating room. Here a more complete examination was made, and it was learned the man's right leg was broken in the most terrible manner. When the patient saw the condition of his leg he actually shed tears. It was a wooden leg, and he was drunk and bemoaning the expense to be incurred in the purchase of another leg.

Something She Could Paint.

Mme. d'Albertin, one of the lesser painters of France, was as conceited about her artistic ability as she was notorious for her excessive use of cosmetics. On one occasion, a certain count, who held her in much disesteem, lost a bet to her. "And what will madame choose?" he asked, with mock courtesy. "Something in my art," she simpered; "something I can paint." "Very well, madame," he replied, bowing himself out. A day later madame received a package from the count, which, upon being opened, revealed a life-size drawing of her own face in outline.

A LUCKY CHANCE.

The Good Fortune of an Ocean Traveler Who Liked to Bet.

A well-known Washingtonian of sporting proclivities who has recently returned from Europe spends about half his time telling his friends the story of how he made a big winning while crossing the pond, says the Washington News.

"We had been out three days," says he, "and had exhausted nearly every means of amusement, when far away on the horizon we sighted the smoke of an approaching steamer. Speculation among the sporting element at once took the form of the nationality of the vessel. At length some one suggested that we each put one hundred dollars into a pool, and eight of us did so. Miniature flags of the eight principal maritime nations were deposited in a bag, and each of us took a draw.

"Well, you can imagine my feelings when I found that the one I had taken was that of Italy. The smallness of her navy and merchant marine became painfully apparent to me, and visions of a cool century gone in a moment began to roll up before my eyes. The English flag, by some sort of hog luck, had fallen to an Englishman, and in his mind's eye he had that eight hundred dollars dead sure. And how he did chaff us.

"Well, I had nothing to say, and you can bet I played my part well until the vessel got alongside of us. Then I almost went into hysterics, for there at her mast flew the banner of Sunny Italy. I was so overcome by my extraordinary luck that I spent nearly half of my winnings in pledging Italy in the best of wines before we landed in New York. The captain of our vessel told me afterward that this was the first Italian ship he had met on the high seas for five years."

A WHISTLING SNAKE.

It Is One of the Deadliest Serpents Found in New Guinea.

The discovery of the Horn expedition to the McDonnell ranges in Australia of a remarkable specimen of natural history called a "whistling spider," whose peculiarity consists in producing a whistling noise by the simple operation of drawing its fore leg across its jaw, seems at the moment to be outdone. Sir William Maegregor, the administrator of British New Guinea, is now in the field with another extraordinary discovery—a whistling snake. In his latest report Sir William says that a large number of deaths occurred early this year in the Rigo district of New Guinea from snake bite. The administrator points out that the island is infested by a small species of black snake, which is very fierce. The natives declare that whenever a man goes near one it rushes at him, uttering sounds which they describe as resembling a whistle. "Shortly before I was at the government station," writes Sir William Maegregor, "one of these reptiles attacked the government agent, but was killed before it did any harm. A little while before a boy of fourteen years was in the bush near the station, when one of these snakes made a rush at him with the usual peculiar whistling sound. The boy thought the noise emanated from some cockatoos in a tree and began to look for them. He did not discover his mistake until he received a bite from the reptile, from which he died in a little while in great agony."

HISTORIC FAT WOMEN.

Celebrities Who Were More or Less Disposed to Embonpoint.

From ancient, medieval and modern history the following facts about fat women are gleaned: Agrippina, Nero's mother, was fat. Cleopatra, the serpent of the Nile, as Marc Antony called her, was small and fat. Laura, Petrarch's muse, was fat, fair, with blonde hair. The Marie Fiammetta whom Boccaccio loved intensely was a brunette and fat. Elizabeth, the virgin queen, was tall and fat, with thick red hair. Marguerite of Navarre was fat. All Rubens' women, except his wife, were fat. All Titian's women, except the Madonna, were fat. Catherine of Russia was tall and fat; Louisa Strozzi, for whom Alexandre di Medici died, was rather stout. Josephine Beauharnais, the indolent Creole, afterward empress of the French, was fat and perfumed; Mme. Roland also. The unfortunate Marie Antoinette was tall of stature, majestic and fat; Mme. de Stael, small, dark and fat, with a small viper's head. George Sand had a beautiful head, but was fat and small. Heine said of her: "The build of her body has the appearance of being a little too fat, or at least a little too short; the head alone bears the cachet of the ideal." Queen Isabella of Spain is fat; Queen Victoria the same; Queen Margherita of Italy is certainly going on the same way, and most of the great singers have been noted for their embonpoint.

A BISHOP'S BAD NIGHT.

Popped Into a "Spare Bed" in Which Silver Was Stored.

An eminent bishop who was quartered in the house of the wealthiest resident in a certain village, while his host's wife was away, occupied the "spare bed." He is a thin man, and when his host inquired in the morning how he had slept and hoped he had passed an agreeable night, he answered, with some vehemence: "No, I did not; I passed a very disagreeable night, indeed."

The bishop departed, and when the wife of his host returned she naturally inquired who had been in the house in her absence.

"Bishop P——," said the husband.

"Bishop P——! Where did you put him to sleep?"

"In the spare bed, of course."

"In the spare bed!" shrieked the horrified matron. "Why, I put all the silver under the mattress before I went away."

Poor Thing.

The New York Recorder has this to tell of a little girl who had learned very early one of the inconveniences of wearing eyeglasses: She was at Manhattan beach, and seemed to be no more than three years old, but she was near-sighted and wore spectacles. She wanted to paddle in the water and spoil her russet shoes. Her nurse had been forbidden to let her go barefoot, and baby began to sob. Then she cried: "Take 'em off, Mary! Take 'em off!" The reporter thought she referred to her shoes; but she went on: "Take off my spettatles, Mary, so I can cry!"

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 1, 1895.

ONE excuse for the publication of the costly "Bird Book" is that the birds of Pennsylvania are becoming extinct. Not all of them; the legislative rooster is as much in evidence as ever.

EVEN before any investigation is begun, it is said that there are Philadelphia councilman ready to squeal. If this be true, there should be no hesitancy about beginning an investigation.

GENERAL HASTINGS, Secretary of the Commonwealth Reeder and Adjutant General Stewart went to New York on Friday to attend a meeting of governors called to discuss the subject of primary military instruction in the public schools.

NOBODY seriously expects the Republican party to be consistent, but it might at least make a better pretense of being so than it is doing at present. While it is bawling through its organs that the recent defeat of the Democracy was due to popular disgust with the Democratic tariff and the desire for a return to McKinleyism it is taking precious good care through these same organs not to promise the people any return to McKinleyism.

IT is announced that unless extreme wintry conditions all over the country create at once a general demand for rubber goods it is probable that several of the rubber goods factories controlled by the United States Rubber company, including the factories at New Brunswick, N. J., employing about 1,200 hands, will shut down indefinitely. The company controls in all about eleven factories, located chiefly in the eastern states, employing more than 20,000 persons. Nearly half of these are women.

A DEPUTY United States marshal arrested and brought to Toledo Ohio, Charles M. Hughes, Jr., ex-cashier of the First National bank of Lima, on the charge of the misappropriation of $140,000 of the bank's funds on Wednesday. Hughes was released on bond for his appearance Friday before the United States commissioner. This is the bank in which Senator Brice is largely interested. Mr. Brice's friends stand by Hughes, and say that he is guilty only of error of judgment by which he did not profit.

RUFFED grouse, or pheasants, were formerly among the most abundant species of game birds in this state, but as a result of persistent market hunting they have become one of the rarest. The Luzerne county Sportsmen's club has, therefore, done a service to the people of the state in formulating a bill to provide for a close period of ten years, which will give the birds a chance to increase and multiply; and the legislature, equally moved by a sense of public duty, should be prompt to enact the needed measure of protection.

RESOLUTIONS endorsing President Cleveland's message of Monday were adopted at Washington on Wednesday by the national board of trade, in session at the Shoreham hotel. A resolution favoring the creation of a national board for the arbitration of disputes between employers and employes was defeated by a vote of 19 to 16. The president received the members of the convention in his office at 1 o'clock. They called by an appointment to present a copy of resolutions commending his financial message, which were adopted at their session that morning.

THE stories of muncipal extravagance and misgovernment in New York city grow pale by the side of those we hear from Philadelphia. The cost of governing that banner Republican city has increased from $8,641,000 in 1885 to an estimated outlay of $33,000,000 for the ensuing year. Members of the council are charged with "demanding and receiving $362,000 worth of stock issued by a telephone company as the price of passing an ordinance giving to the company the streets under certain conditions." This charge is not made by an opposition organ but by a leading religious paper of Philadelphia.

IT is certainly discouraging to those who look for an adjustment of monetary conditions, says the Pittsburg *Post*, according to the recommendations of the president. The house will probably report a bill based on his suggestions within a day or two, but it will fall short of the plans proposed by the executive. The long term bonds will be abandoned, also the payment of customs duties in gold, and possibly the provision the bonds shall be payable in gold. Such a bill may pass the house, but yesterday's debate in the senate made it tolerably clear that there is little chance for action by that body. Senator Vest, who is a leading member of the finance committee, declared there was not the slightest prospect of that committee agreeing on any measure to report to the senate. There is a bare possibility that the senate may act independent of the committee.

Senator Vest, who is one of the strong men on the Democratic side, created something of a sensation by stating that as the president had declared war on silver and in favor of gold as the sole money metal, he must part company with his, for under no consideration would he favor such a policy and vote to issue bonds to secure gold to place the country on the single gold standard. On direct information from the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Vest also stated that the revenues of the government were increasing from day to day, and to such an extent that there promises to be a large surplus. The silver senators are very determined, and the accession to their ranks of Mr. Vest is a matter of some importance.

IT did not need the appealing message of President Cleveland sent to congress yesterday, says the Philadelphia *Record*, to acquaint the country with the gravity of the financial situation. The treasury has carried its thousand million load of gold indebtedness—made impossible of mitigation by payment—to the limit of endurance. Unless provision shall be made by congress for payment of demand obligations in gold, and for cancellation after payment, the credit of the government can no longer be maintained and an area of panic and repudiation must ensue.

In this emergency the President appeals to the patriotism of the representatives of the people in congress for relief. He distinctly abandons all present hope of currency reform, and all pride of personal opinion, and suggests action looking solely to the relief of the financial stress that paralyzes the industry of the country, and to the protection of the notional credit. Briefly the President recommends.

(1) The authorization of the issue of 50-year 3 percent. bonds in denominations of $20 and $50 and their multiples, payable in gold, in order to maintain a sufficient gold reserve, and to take up and cancel legal tender and treasury notes.

(2) Government bonds bearing over 2 per cent. interest should be made a legal security for the issue of circulating notes to national banks up to their face or par value.

(3) National bank notes hereafter issued to be only of the denomination of $10 and upward and silver certificates to be hereafter issued to be of denominations under $10.

(4) Duties on imports to be hereafter paid in gold

Every one of these recommendations is sound to the core, and exactly fitted to the accomplishment of the object desired— the re establishment of popular confidence and of national credit. For months past "The *Record*" has insisted in season and out of season—upon the issue of national bank notes to the par of bonds would prevent any swift contraction of the currency. The issue of silver certificates of demominations of less than $10 would make a continued and extended place and use for silver. The payment of import duties in gold would furnish the treasury at all times with a necessary supply of the metal for meeting its gold obligations.

If there be in congress, out of the whole number of representatives, a majority who are able to sink partisanship long enough to perform an act of urgent patriotic duty involving the good faith and pecuniary welfare of the nation, now is the time to make it apparent. Delay in giving necessary relief to the treasury would be no less infamous than dangerous.

A DISPATCH from London on Wednesday says the North German Lloyd steamer Elbe, from Bremen, for New York via Southampton was sunk in a collision with the British steamer Crathie. The Elbe carried over four hundred persons, 240 of whom were passengers, 160 officers and crew and a number of cattlemen who were returning to the United States. Only about 50 people were saved.

Nearly all the passengers were asleep at the time, but many of them were awakened by the shock, slight as it was. They could hear the rush of the rapid inflowing water, and with cries of terror sought to make their way to the upper deck. The steamer being loaded by the stern, water naturally rushed aft, and this allowed many of the passengers forward to reach the deck.

In the case of the saloon passengers, however, the result was fatal. As they rushed from their state rooms into the saloon they were met by the torrent, against which it was impossible for them to make headway. They were caught up and swept aft toward the cockpit, where they were probably drowned before the ship foundered. Altogether about 50 of the passengers reached the deck, where the wildest confusion existed.

Wild rushes were made for the boats, but the terrible excitement prevailing impeded the efforts of those who were trying to clear them away. Many heartrending scenes were witnessed between parents and children in the few moments preceding the sinking of the vessel.

There is some dissagreement among the survivors as to the number of boats that were launched. One of these was swamped instantly, and only one of its occupants, a girl named Anna Boecker, who was bound for Southampton was rescued.

CHAIRMAN WILSON, of the ways and means committee, is confident that in a very few months the revenues will be suffcient to meet the expenditures of the government under the operations of existing laws; but he is doubtful if it will stay the drain of gold from this country unless the government paper is retired, and he favors the issue of a long term low rate bonds to meet that emergency. Opinion is crystalizing that this is the only thing to be done. A popular loan meets with much favor, whereby the postmasters can be made agents for the sale of government notes, in denominations from $10 upward, bearing 3 per cent interest. This measure, it is claimed will bring out the gold from the stocking reservoirs and savings banks. Of the $60,000,000 and over of gold drawn from the treasury the last two months, one half has gone into the banks or been stored away by individuals in safe deposit companies and elsewhere. The other half has been exported. There is about $460,000,000 gold in the country.

THE following bills were reported favorably to the state legislature last week: To compel attendance at public schools and provide for a truant master; providing for the sale of eggs by weight; abolishing jury commissioners and directing county commissioners to perform the duties pertaining to drawing juries.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25, 1895.—Secretary Gresham will submit some very interesting documents to congress in response to the resolution adopted by the house, calling for information concerning the expenses of the Behring Sea commission, appointed by President Harrison, and the cost to the United States of carrying out the joint treaty between the United States, Great Britain and Germany to maintain the government of Samoa. These documents will show that members and supporters of the Harrison administration are in no position to criticize the foreign policy of the present or any other administration.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, introduced his financial bill in the senate this week just as any ordinary bill is introduced, although he had hoped that it might have had the endorsement of the finance committee before it was formally brought to the attention of the senate. The bill authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue in his discretion bonds at 3 per cent., up to $500,000,000; provides that the tax on national bank currency up to the par value of the bonds deposited by them; also, for the unlimited coinage of silver, the government to retain as seigniorage the difference between the market value of the bullion and the face value of the money coined. Senator Smith, of New Jersey, also introduced a financial bill, which merely provides for the issue of bonds and the establishment of a non partisan monetary commission, to investigate and report to congress next December. There is no apparent change in the financial situation in the house, which has lately been looking to the senate, if not for guidance, at least for a pointer.

Mr. W. J. Broderick, president of the St. Louis Live Stock Exchange, is in Washington helping others interested in our foreign meat and cattle trade to get that obnoxious differential sugar tariff repeated. Mr. Broderick says not a word about diseased American cattle would have been heard from Europe, if that differential duty had not been imposed, and he added: "If it is not repealed, we shall lose the entire trade of continental Europe, and the producers of beef will have to rely solely on their home market. That market is already suffering with a ruinous over supply. It is a fine object lesson of what protection will do and shows up the beauties of a home market perfectly. In the mean time the cattle growers of the west are wondering if this congress has any intention of legislating in the interests of the people." The obstacle to the repeal of the differential duty is the senate. A bill for its repeal has been favorably reported to the house, and will be passed, but it will require strong pressure from the public to get it through the senate.

By a vote from 9 to 7 the judiciary committee of the house adopted a resolution censuring Judge Ricks, of Ohio, for his methods of making up his official accounts when he first became judge, instead of the impeachment resolution which the committee had first authorized. There will be a minority report, standing out for impeachment, presented to the house by Representative Bailey, of Texas.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina is credited with the intention of trying to keep Senator-elect Tillman, who is to be his successor, out of his seat in the senate, and his presentation of repetition from Dr. Sampson Pope, late Democratic candidate for governor of South Carolina, asking that the senate investigate charges of fraud which he makes against Tillman and his associates, makes it look as though he were properly credited. Senator Butler has always been popular with his Democratic colleagues, but most of them think he is making a serious mistake in supporting the request for a congressional investigation of a state election.

Senator Gorman, Smith and Lindsay gave notice to the senate interstate commerce committee, after the votes had prevented the adoption of several amendments they favored, that they would consent to have the railroad pooling bill favorably reported to the senate, and take their chance of getting their amendments adopted by vote of the senate. Accordingly the bill has been favorably reported to the senate just as it was passed by the house.

Senator Sherman's anti-trust law is no better than some of the other laws with which his name has been connected. The supreme court this week decided that it did not touch the sugar trust.

The income tax won easily in its first legal contest. Judge Hagner, sitting in the equity branch of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, refused to grant an injunction asked for to prevent the collection of the income tax and decided the tax to be valid. An appeal was noted. M.

Took Poison When Caught.

New York, January 28.—As Mrs. Margaret Forbes was entering her house on East One-Hundred and Twenty-eight street this evening, James Flower, aged 28 years, an engineer, snatched her pocketbook and ran. He was pursued, and, when captured swallowed a quantity of prussic acid, dying shortly afterward.

In his pockets were found two letters, one addressed to his wife and the other to his mother. In the former, Flower said that owing to his inability to obtain employment he had decided to kill himself. Flower looked like a man who had not eaten anything in days, and it is thought that in his desperation, he snatched the pocketbook, either to purchase food for his family or to get postage stamps to mail the letters which were found on his person. He leaves a widow and a young child.

Tumbled 250 Feet Down a Bluff.

Pittsburg, Pa., January 28,—Leaving his home, on Duquesne Heights, at 2 o'clock this morning to go to work, Jerry Dorsey, an iron puddler, started to walk down the ice-clad bluff. He lost his footing and fell over the rocks, earth and bushes for a distance of 250 feet, or a little over half way between the summit and foot of the precipice. He alighted on a projecting rock, to which he managed to cling until the firemen of Engine Company No. 20, after two hours of perilous labor, rescued him. Dorsey's hands and feet were badly frozen and his body terribly bruised and cut.

Killed By a Sparrow.

Baltimore, January 29.—Two sons of Charles Moore, living eight miles from this city, captured an English sparrow. They took the bird home. On being released the sparrow flew savagely at Ida, the baby sister, and fiercely seized her lower lip. The baby's screams brought her mother to the rescue, and she endeavored to get the sparrow away. Before this could be done the bird had to be killed and the beak pried open with pincers. An illness, in the nature of blood poisoning, set in, and the little one soon succumbed.

FAMINE it threatened in the west of Ireland.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Judge White's Answer.

Indiana, January 28.—Judge White's bill of particulars, in the election contest, was hardly filed before the attorneys of John P. Blair "cabbaged" it and hied it to D. R. Taylor's office, where an examination was straightway began.

White's bill gretaly exceeds Blair's in the number of names of alleged illegal votes, there being over 1,000 in it, as opposed to some 700 in Blair's.

Blair's attorneys will work hard getting evidence together to refute White's charges. It is thought the Blair people will consume about two weeks more in examining their witnesses, and in that time they will have secured much to offer against the claims of the respondents.

In detail, White's bill claims that Blair got illegal votes, as follows: Thirty-five non residents; 245 non registered voters; 500 who didn't pay taxes; 7 under age; a large number whose ballots were imperfectly marked, and about 500 who gave or received bribes. Among those specified as not registered appears the name of J. A. C. Ruffner, Esq., one of Blair's counsel. Ruffner considers this a great horse on him.

Some ugly feeling is being worked up, and before the contest is over many hitherto good friends will be at loggerheads with a vengeance. Court will convene again to-morrow morning, at 9 o'clock, and there are rumors in the air of a sensation to be sprung.

Metal Railroad Ties.

Washington, January 28.—A protest against the denudation of forests in order to secure material for railroad ties is made in a report issued by the agricultural department on the use of metal railroad ties and preservative processes, and metal tin plates for wooden ties. It shows that about 20 per cent of the railroad mileage of the world outside the United States and Canada is laid on metal.

Although progress in this direction in our country has been slow, the report says by the waning of forest supplies, and as the railroad companies began more and more to assume a permanent and less speculative character, it can be a question of only a short time when this saving of forest supplies will be forced upon them, insuring greater efficiency and final economy. Throughout the world it is shown metal ties have been successfully applied and are in successful use under all conditions of climate, traffic and track.

Death of a French Veteran.

Francois Canrobert, Marshal of France, died in Paris yesterday. He was born in the Department of Lot, June 7, 1809. He entered the military school of St. Cyr, in 1826, and later enlisted as a private soldier. He served many years in Africa, and was wounded in the siege of Constantine. In the Crimean War he commanded a division and was wounded at Alma. Promoted Commander in Chief, he headed a charge of zouaves at Inkerman, and was again wounded. He commanded the Third Corps at Magenta and Solferino, and was made Marshal of France and given the grand cross of the Legion of Honor. In the Franco-Prussian War, his corps was cut to pieces by the Crown Prince of Prussia, at Woerth, August 6, 1870. He was shut up in Metz with Bazaine, and after the surrender was sent a prisoner to Germany. In 1876, and again in 1879, he was elected to the senate.

The Dog Came Ashore.

Benton Harbor, Michigan., January 28.—When the steamer Chicora went out of St. Joseph on its last trip there was a dog aboard. On Tuesday night the dog was heard whining at the door of Solon Cutler, who conducts the roadhouse at Pottowatomie Park. He was covered with ice. Mr. Cutler connected the visit of the dog, which had evidently just come out of the cold water, with the loss of the Chicora and brought him to this city yesterday.

The return of the dog indicates that the Chicora was within half a mile of the east shore on Tuesday evening, the second night out. The dog, it is believed, could not swim more than one-quarter mile. The place where the dog came ashore. Pottowatomie Park, is eight miles north of here, a lake side summer resort. Many are inclined to think the vessel must have sunk not far from that place.

Afloat on an Ice Floe.

Leamington, Ontario January 27,—In the storm on Friday night four men—Mat Wigle, A. Wilkinson, C. Cullen and M. Heckwith—while at work cutting ice on Lake Erie, were carried out in the lake. The ice on which they stood, with a team of horses, suddenly cracked, and the wind rapidly blew it out toward mid lake. The floe cracked and huge pieces broke off until only enough for the men and horses to stand on was left.

Then three men volunteered to man a small boat and put off. After three hours' hard work they reached the floe and took off the men, but had to leave the horses. In a few minutes the ice broke up and the horses were drowned.

Disastrous Collision.

Bradford. Pa., January 29.—A disastrous rear end collision occurred on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg road this afternoon, four miles south of this town, in which thirty-four heavily laden coal cars went over a twenty foot trestle into a ravine below. Conductor N. M. Roberts, of Bradford, was buried under the wreckage and his body has not yet been recoverd. The cause of the wreck was that the first train was stalled with three cars on the trestle and the second train coming around a curve did not see the danger until it was too late to stop and crashed into it, with the result as told above.

Boyer Arrested and Sent to Jail.

Bethlehem, Pa., January 29.—Valentine L. Hoyer, a wealthy confectioner, who, on the 3d instant, was to have been married to Miss Mary A. Fogel, and who, an hour before the wedding, left for parts unknown, leaving only a note saying that he was a married man, returned to town to day and was promptly arrested and, in default of bail, sent to jail. Miss Fogel claims $5,000 damages. Hoyer returned here from Nornhampton, Mass., with his wife and child and never expected arrest. Miss Fogel is 18 years old and is the daughter of a well to do South side butcher.

WHEAT DOWN TO 49C.

A Sensational Decline on the Chicago Board of Trade.

BIG CRASH NARROWLY AVERTED.

Heavy Buying Against Puts by Several Dealers Saves a Panic—Corn Goes Down to 42 1-2—May Pork Drops to $9.77 1-2 a Barrel In Four Hours.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Board of trade markets have been excited and have made a sensational decline, affected by heavy selling under the influence of the gold exports scare and the strained financial conditions. Cash wheat went below all former records, and was worth only 49 cents a bushel.

The market was very shaky and a panicky feeling prevailed all around. There was every indication that a big crash was in prospect, but this was prevented by a lucky chance which shored the market and doubtless saved several firms on the board from throwing up the sponge.

When 52 cents for May had been reached. Charley Smith, seing a chance on the 1,500,000 of puts which he possessed, began to buy against them heavily. Others who were in the same boat did likewise, and this heavy buying had the effect of staying the market and restoring it to a feeling of strength. Under this influence the market rallied and danger seemed temporarily averted.

In sympathy with May wheat, May corn broke and tumbled headlong. The usually quiet neighborhood of the corn pit became excited and the lungs of the corn men, which for a long time had not had any particular exercise, were brought into play. May opened at 44¾ and at once broke to 44. It finally fell to 42½, but rallied later with wheat.

Provisions also came in for their share of the decline. May pork reached $9.77½, or a decline of 80 cents a barrel in less than two hours. It rallied again on heavy buying orders. Foreign grain markets acted in sympathy with Chicago and fell off a few points.

Confederates Honor Mrs. Grant

ATLANTA, Jan 30.—There was a striking scene in the parlors of the Hotel Aragon, when Mrs U S Grant, who had stopped over a day en route to Florida, received a large delegation from the Fulton county Confederate Veterans association. The old soldiers were introduced to Mrs. Grant by General Clement A. Evans, one of Lee's brigadiers and late candidate for governor of Georgia, and to each she gave a cordial handshake and a kindly word. After the formal reception, there was a free and easy exchange of compliments and reminiscences between the veterans and the wife of the great Federal commander

The War Vessel Safe.

TRESTE, Jan. 30.—The German warship Stein, concerning the safety of which some anxiety was felt, as a bottle containing a message that she was sinking had been picked up at Zante, Greece, has arrived safely at this port.

Shot by a Jealousy Courtesan.

SIOUX CITY, Jan. 30.—Albert Evans, an insurance agent of this city has been fatally shot in Covington, Neb., just across the river from here, by Ollie Hall, a courtesan. All parties implicated are under arrest. Jealousy was the cause.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—His horse running away, P. S. Reed, of Hillegasville, was thrown out and instantly killed.

—New York capitalists bought for $300,000 the Hotel Riverside, a noted pleasure resort at Cambridge, Crawford county.

—Despondency, caused by ill-health, led Mrs. Michael Moore, of Midvale, Luzerne county, to commit suicide by taking arsenic.

—Albert Heiling, who swallowed an eighteen-inch sword while practicing for an amateur entertainment, died in agony at Muskegon, Mich.

—A combined candlestick and matchbox, with a projecting spur permitting its ready attachment to the wall, when desired, has been invented.

—A window cleaner composed of a brush having a water reservoir attached and arranged to supply water to the brushing surface, is among late noyelties.

—Railroad Robbers Charles Williams, James Taylor and Andrew, followers of John Horst, who is in prison at Hollidaysburg, have been caught at Harrisburg.

—A carpet formed of layers of paper, a ply of felt, and an intermediate filling of cotton, and provided with an infold side, producing a spring edge, is a late invention.

—David H. Thomas, mine inspector of the Eighth bituminous coal district, died at his residence in Philipsburg, on Sunday night of Bright's disease, after an illness of a few days.

—In consequence of a recent decision of Judge McClung, many of the swell clubs of Pittsburg have closed their sideboards to prevent prosecution. The judge classes them, from a legal standpoint, in the same category with speakeasies.

—A brakeman named Fry, who resides in Fairmount, Irwin, fell from his train on the Youghiogheny branch railroad, Wednesday, and was probably fatally injured. One car passed over his leg, crushing it so badly that amputation was necessary.

—Superintendent of Banking Preston is informed that Treasurer Morton, of the Chenango Valley Savings bank, at Binghamton, N. Y., has confessed to a defalcation of from $15,000 to $20,000. Bank Examiner Backus thinks that the defalcation will amount to more than $30,000.

—Loy D. Brady, son of the jailer at Buckhannon, W. V., on Tuesday night went to the cell of Roland Perkins, held for larceny, to play cards with him. During the game Perkins attacked Brady and tried to take his keys from him, when Brady whipped out his revolver and shot the prisoner dead.

—The billet mill of the Pennsylvonia Steel works, which has been idle for the past seven weeks, will resume on Tuesday morning, giving employment to about 100 men. No. 2 blast furnace will be blown in this week, employing about sixty men. It is the largest furnace at the steel works, having a capacity of 200 tons a day.

—Charles Sickinger, a nine year-old boy, has arrived at Easton, Pa., from Forrest Home, Ill., having made the trip entirely on his own resources. He is the son of Mrs. Frank Dittinger, of Butler street, Easton. His father died when he was three years old, and his mother married and went to Easton, leaving the child with relatives. Recently he decided he wanted to see his mother, so started alone on his journey of eleven hundred miles. Friends tied a label on his coat and he made the journey without any trouble.

B. & B.

READ,

Then Write

Our Mail Order Department for samples of Special Values in

Dress Goods,

SILKS, SUITINGS.

48-inch All-Wool NOVELTY SUITINGS—BOUCLE PLAID effect, in quiet, harmonious color blendings—stylish and effective goods, $1.25 value, 48 inches wide, 65 CENTS A YARD.

Lot of all-wool

Novelty Mixed Suitings,

a dozen different color mixtures—stylish, up-to-date goods—50 inches wide, 50 CENTS A YARD.

Our DRESS GOODS shelves were never emptied at such rapid rate as during this sale of fine goods at *Before-Stock-taking Prices.* Such Values never before offered for like qualities and styles accounts for it.

Every mail order patron can have equal opportunity with home customers for getting these same great values—all that is necessary is quick action. They don't stay with us long!

Lot All-wool

French Serges,

Black, Navy, and Cardinal—34 and 35 inches wide, 25 CENTS.

2,000 yards fine Imported PLAIN BLACK MOHAIR BRILLIANTINES—lustrious as silk, 36 inches wide,

Send for full line samples of our new 1895 WASH GOODS, EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTINGS—

The most complete assortment of best examples from the best makers, both American and foreign—at prices the lowest possible to find.

You write us and prove our ability to substantiate the statement.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Have You Read

THE PHILADELPHIA **Times**

This Morning

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and it claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to anyone sending their address.

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KLEIN'S

Silver Age Rye

Absolutely pure, rich, old and Mellow.

DUQUESNE RYE

Contains 8 per cent. Barley Malt.

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The finest Six-Year-Old Whiskey on the Market.

These whiskies are for sale by Dealers, Hotels and Druggists, and if your particular dealer does not have it, send direct to

MAX KLEIN,
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ALLEGHENY, PA.

Distiller, Importer and Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

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F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

THOS. BRADLEY'S

CASH STORE

MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN,

Is filled to the roof with all the choice goods of the season in Dress Goods, new Covert Cloths, Cashmeres,

HENRIETTAS ÷ AND ÷ SERGES.

Henreiettas from 15 cents to the finest in the market. Full line of Prints, Muslins, Cantons and Flannels.

New Things in Hosiery,

Shoes and Rubbers. Full line of Underwear for men and boys. Splendid Assortment of

Outing and Dress Shirts,

commencing at 25 cents and up to $2.00. All the New shapes in Soft and Stiff Hats, commencing at 50 cents up to the finest made. See our new Non-Rip Shoe for Men and Boys. Full Assortment of Flour and Groceries and all at low cash prices.

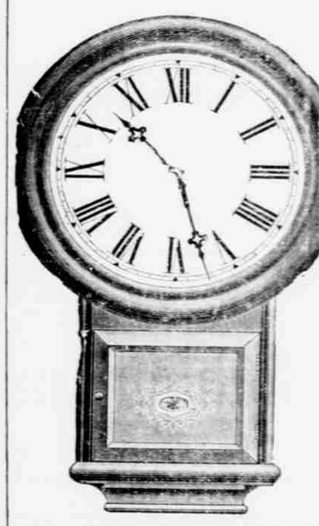
THOS. BRADLEY.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



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In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION of all KINDS OF JEWELRY always on hand.

☞My line of Jewelry is complete. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

DENTISTRY

In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Automatic Suction Cavities, Iluminum Plates, Crowns and Bridges. Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by using Prof. May's E. E. ☞Eighteen years' experience. First Class Work Done at the Most Reasonable Rates. All Work Warranted. ☞Terms Strictly Cash.

DR. A. LAINO.

[12.14.94] Office on Main Street, second door north of M. E. Church, Gallitzin.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boyer in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Cariage work on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Special attention given to Repair work and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

formerly of Carrolltown

[jan11.3m]

Park Institute

2d NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY, PA. Established as part of the Western University. The most Complete and Best Equipped English Commercial, and Short-hand School in the state. Students of both sexes admitted at any time. The latest Catalogue and Journal containing full information sent free to any address.

W. D. ROWAN, Secretary. sep28.4 LEVI LUDDEN, Ph. D., Principal.

ambria Freeman.

ENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

AY. - - FEBRUARY 1, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

"Confederate Spy" at the opera

going parties are daily visitors to these days.

—W. J. Buck, of Allegheny town- a few hours in town on Mon-

Maggie McCabe, of this place, ing friends in Braddock this

T. J. Limadine, of Clearfield town- ed visitor to Ebensburg on Wed-

ing party of Moxham ladies on at the Central Hotel on Wed-

Register James M. Swanson township, was in town

ion contest in Indiana county the taxpayers of that county

ay night of last week dogs Joseph O. Thomas in

Griffith and Robert Fer- of this place, spent a few last week.

Peron, of Pleasant, who has been place last, has gone to the Al- for treatment.

Dillon, of Hastings, a brother Commissioner Dillon was a visi- Ebensburg on Thursday.

Gable & Co., of Altoona, have agent in the FREEMAN of in- the need of sewing machines.

Benjamin Dunmire, widow of the Peter Dunmire, died at her home in Loretto on Friday of last week,

ers who were late in filling ers are now cutting ice meas- ches in thickness and clear as

Saturday afternoon the high wind a portion of the tin roof from William Martz, in Cambria

and the parties who were nego- the large steam tannery in this are about given up the idea of

bridge across the Blacklick at Nanty-Glo, completed and will great convenience to the people of

Shoemaker, whose place of resi- Ebensburg, was taken to Dix- asylum on Tuesday by

Friday last the first regular coal passed through Ebensburg from the mines. It consisted of twenty-one cars

valuable cow belonging to Dr. Da- this place, slipped on the ice on and was so badly injured that it killed she gets well.

explosion of an oil lamp in a store Wilmore created considerable alarm on Sunday night, but luckily prompt measures prevented a conflagration.

Congressman J. H. Hicks, of this dis- requests all persons desiring seeds Agriculture to send him their names and address by letter or postal card.

Hon. Samuel Esq., of Carrolltown, for a number of years held the of- county surveyor, has resigned the on account of ill health.

Susan E. Gill, wife of John E. Beale township, died on Friday, 25th, aged 47 years. She is sur- by her husband and six children.

A. Shoemaker, who has recently a shop to his business in this to an advertisement announcing in another column of the FREE-

Friday of last week Mrs. John a resident of Dr. T. J. Davison, of died at her home in Ligonier Westmoreland county, aged 52

Kingsbacher, of Carroll town- a straight shoulder blade fractured a few weeks by being struck with a wood while unloading wood at

offices to be voted for by the at large in the coming election is The Democratic candi- Colonel Seaman and the Republi- Major A. J. Waters.

Andrews, recently convicted of a murder case and who was at argument court but was arrested on Monday

Indiana and Center counties this has been a falling off, estima- twenty-five percent, in the running of lumber, and over mills have been closed.

Thomas, a well-known resident was arrested and placed in jail charged with a shortage in the estate of

Father Irwin, of Summit, Bates George, of Indiana county, while his buggy was at Bates George, of Indiana county, while his horse became a mistake and the fourth. A merchant had a Blair day last week of the farmer selling the of eggs that had been too

Lutheran church at the furnace just Sunday morning and of the building was which was used building from

of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the church of Ebensburg was Mrs. Pryce, about Ebensburg, on Monday was attended by a large people from this place, a pleasant evening and enjoyed

named gentlemen have officers of the Protection Mu- Insurance Company, of this ensuing year: President, vice-president, John secretary and treasurer, T. committee, John and John J. Evans.

Snyder Sentinel of last week rattler snake was picked up in that Monday. As the landlords of were engaged in their petitions the part of the story is that only one was seen. It was have been worse.

Blacklick township the following ticket: Westinger and John Henry Duman judge of election, inspector, A. H. Longe- assessor, Samuel George, auditor, Nath. Townsend; clerk, George Mar-

Philadelphia the other day, an en- a man down who was walk- railroad track and ran over his locomotive was stopped and engineer and fireman ran back were surprised to see the man get up and walk off on one leg without seeming to of his misfortune. It was his wooden that was run over.

—The Democrats of Ebensburg met on Saturday evening and place in nomination the following ticket: Council, Fergus Lloyd; school directors, Jesse Bolsinger and Ossie Wilkinson; assessor, E. C. Parrish; judge of election, Thomas J. James; inspector, John A. James.

—Lewis F. Jones, a resident of Patton, in this county, who has been employed by the Wainright Brewing Company, of Pittsburg, as an agent, was arrested on Saturday by Constable James W. Jack, of Pittsburg, charged with the embezzlement of a sum of money from his employers.

—A son of Postmaster Lewis, of Smathers, Indiana county, was bitten by a mad dog last week, as was also a horse belonging to Mr. Lewis. When attacked a second time the animal kicked the brute's brains out. Several dogs, hogs, cows and horses which were bitten by the rabid canine, have died with every symptom of hydrophobia.

—Editor J. J. Shick, of the Clarion *Jacksonian*, charged with criminal libel on oath of Hon. George F. Kribbs, was sentenced on Monday on the third count of the indictment to pay a fine of $100 and costs of prosecution, and to stand committed to the county jail until it is complied with. The case will go to a higher court. The defendant proposes to edit his paper this week from the county jail.

—William Jasper, son of a negro minister of Richmond, Va., whose sermons on "The Sun Do Move" made him famous, was arrested at Altoona on Wednesday for forgery. He succeeded in passing two forged checks to the amount of $68, and when arrested he was in the act of trying to swindle in the same manner a number of prominent business men. It is believed that Jasper has worked his forging scheme in other cities.

—Last Saturday Amos Mingle and David Ross, of Blair county, with six children, went to a funeral. On their return home the team became lodged in a snow bank and could not be extricated. The two men went to a farm house for assistance and when they returned they found the six children frozen stiff. They were taken to the nearest house and put in ice water to draw out the frost. The children were all living but in a precarious condition.

—Persons desiring to aid in the increase of edible fish in the waters of the state, can, by applying to the Pennsylvania Fish Protective Association, 1020 Arch street, Philadelphia, obtain placards containing information as to close seasons of the different varieties of fish, and other information pertaining to the same; also blank applications for procuring trout fry, free, from the Pennsylvania fish commissioners, will be supplied by the Association upon application.

—Frank Leap executor, C. T. A. of Mrs. Dorthea Leap, late of Washington township, will offer for sale at her late residence in Derby, in said township, on Saturday, February 8th, 1895, at 2 o'clock P. M., set of furniture, heating stove, sewing machines, bedsteads, sofa, chairs, carpets and a lot of other household furniture, also the contents of store room, consisting of gloves, thread, shoes, Dimond dyes, show case and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

—Representative Womelsdorf, of Centre county, will introduce a bill in the present legislature for the formation of a new county out of the bituminous coal district composed of parts of Centre, Clearfield and Blair, with Philipsburg as the county seat. It would be purely a bituminous coal miners' county, and would undoubtedly be of great benefit to that district. The division would make Clearfield and Centre more strongly Democratic and the the new county would be Republican.

—On Saturday evening the Republicans of the West ward of Ebensburg nominated the following ticket: Council, Web Griffith; school directors, C. T. Roberts and T. W. Dick; assessor, Milton Jones; judge of election, G. A. Davis; inspector, G. L. Fredericks. On Wednesday evening a meeting was held and the names of C. T. Roberts for school director and Web Griffith for council were withdrawn, and Web Griffith substituted for school director and Sherman Tibbott substituted for council.

—A terrible explosion occurred in the Westmoreland fire brick mines at Hunker's station, Westmoreland county, on Thursday evening, which resulted in the death of a young man named Albright and perhaps of another named Elmer Kauffman, and the serious injury of Frank Kauffman, an elder brother. The men were seated around a can containing twenty-five pounds of rock powder, when it was ignited and an explosion ensued, burning all the men in a horrible manner.

—Luke Rodgers, a well-known citizen of Munster township, died at the residence of his son-in-law in Pittsburg on Monday, January 21st. The deceased was on a visit to his daughter and during the night was taken suddenly sick, and getting up, went to the head of the stairs, fell down and soon after death ensued. Whether his death was caused by a fit of some kind or by the fall, the physicians called in were unable to tell. His remains were interred in a Pittsburg cemetery on Wednesday.

—Owen W. Roberts, an aged and respected citizen of Summerhill township, died at his home two miles north of Wilmore on Sunday morning, aged about 75 years. The deceased was born in North Wales and came to this country with his parents when about 12 years of age. He has been a resident of this county ever since and owned the farm upon which he resided for the past fifty-two years. His wife, with five children—Richard, of Wilmore; Mrs. William Howell, Mrs. Richard Humphreys, and William, of Iowa, and Lincoln, who lives on the old homestead—survives him. His remains were interred in Lloyd's cemetery in this place on Tuesday.

Doing Justice.

A Blair county jury did a very wise act last week and Cambria county juries might follow the example with much profit to the taxpayers and teach aldermen a lesson. We take the following from the Hollidaysburg *Standard*.

The first case on record in Blair county in which the committing magistrate had to pay costs occurred in court last week. It was in the case of Charles Kline who was charged with violating the boarding house act. He was taken before Alderman Smith, of Altoona, for a preliminary hearing, and the alderman evidently considered there was no case against the accused, as he permitted him to go free, but still sent the case to court. When the case came for trial Judge Bell directed an acquittal, and said that it would not be right to put the costs on either the defendant or the county, at the same time intimating that if the jury saw proper to place the costs on the alderman he would not disturb the verdict. The jury returned a verdict accordingly.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, January 31, 1895:

Reuben DeHaven and Mary Cathcart, Barr township.

George L. Hunter and Ruth Willetts, Barnesboro.

Francis B. McFeaters and Jennie Laimtz, Conemaugh.

John Charles Gronwalt and Emma Edwards, Johnstown.

Joseph P. Lotz and Nannie B. Barbour, Conemaugh.

Oliver Aukerman and Millie Hildebrand, Stonycreek township.

R. F. Randolph, Jr., Johnstown, and Matilda E. Bender, Cumberland, Md.

A Select Gathering.

On Wednesday evening a social gathering of about a dozen Republicans of the West ward of Ebensburg, who had been invited and were supposed to know "what was what," met at the council room, and after some little talk, Milton Jones was elected chairman, and William Humphreys and Aaron Davis were elected secretaries. Mr. Jones on taking the chair stated that the meeting was for the purpose of nominating a school director in place of C. T. Roberts, who had declined the nomination.

Web Griffith was named, when Mr. Griffith got up and stated that before accepting the nomination he would decline the nomination for council which had been given him on Saturday. Mr. Griffith was then nominated by acclamation.

There being a vacancy on the ticket for council, Edward W. Humphreys nominated Thomas Davis. Some one nominated Sherman Tibbott but that gentleman declined emphatically and nominated Fergus Lloyd, whom the Democrats nominated for the same position. Druggist James at once arose and moved that the nominations close, which was carried. A motion was made and carried to proceed to ballot, when each man went up to the table and made a mark for his candidate. The secretaries made no announcement but the last man voting says the ballot stood 7 for Davis and 5 for Lloyd, when Druggist James glanced over the tally sheet and commenced a little speech in which he said "the proceeding was entirely irregular and he was astonished that the chairman would permit it. Men voted," he said, "who were not Republicans and he would not stand it" unless he knew how they voted. He was in favor of taking another plan.

Chairman Jones then declared the proceedings irregular and that they would commence in the new.

T. W. Dick, Esq., then nominated Sherman Tibbott, and E. W. Humphreys again nominated Thomas Davis. After taking a vote the chairman announced the vote as 7 for Tibbott and 5 for Davis, which seemed to be satisfactory to those who had got up the meeting.

The whole question in a nut shell is the cow question, which will not down. How much twist is to be put in the cows' tail and who is to twist it will be the issue in Ebensburg at the coming election. The "Tail Twisters" were anxious to have Mr. Lloyd on both tickets, but the "Anti-Twisters," or those who are opposed to having the drastic twist of the ordinance passed last year enforced, have not yet announced their plan of action.

That Captain Davis was nominated for council on the Republican ticket on Wednesday night there is no question. That there was no objection to the voting until every one had voted and the result known is equally well settled. Whether the people of the town will allow the "Tail Twisters" to have their own way will be the main issue at the coming election.

Ashville Gleanings.

Sleighing is first-class.

Mr. Frank Nagle, of St. Augustine, was in town on Saturday.

Miss Minnie Kratzer, who has been in Altoona for some time, returned home last week.

Mrs. Charles Adams, of Altoona, spent several days last week with relatives and friends in this place.

Mrs. Levi Burket, who has been ill for several weeks, has recovered only for her husband to take her place.

Don't forget to visit our fair on February 2nd, and every other Saturday night from the above date till Lent begins.

Miss Ella Karlheim, of Altoona, visited the home of Miss Maggie Delozier last Monday.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. Albert Gauntner and Mrs. Alban Burgoon. The ceremony will take place on February 12.

The high-minded girls of this place had better watch the strange dudes that come here. Although they may have a boyish face or wear a picadilly collar, they may also have a picadilly wife at home.

We notice by the sweet smile of one of our young ladies that "Jim" surely gave her a sleigh-ride.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Will, of this place, are visiting relatives and friends in Munster and Patton.

Mrs. Ann Cassidy (relict) died on January 20th at her home in this place, after a long illness from dropsy. She leaves to mourn her untimely death one son and two daughters, one of the latter being a Sister of Charity at Greensburg, the others residing at home. The deceased was a devout member of the Catholic church and an estimable lady. After a Requium High Mass celebrated at this place on Wednesday morning, her remains were taken to St. Augustine for interment. May her soul rest in peace. O. O.

Of Interest to Constables.

A question that is attracting wide attention was presented to Judge Reyburn, of Armstrong county, recently, in the form of a stated case. It relates to the compensation to be allowed constables for attending the polls on election days. Under the old law constables were required to be present only until the closing of the polls, seven o'clock in the evening; but the ballot reform act requires them to remain within the voting room while the votes are being counted. In many precincts the count is sometimes not completed until nearly day-break the next morning, and in but few election districts do the officers end their duties before 1 or 2 o'clock, A. M. It is for this extra time that increased pay is asked. Heretofore the county commissioners allowed constables $2 for their election day work. Several constables last November demanded of the commissioners extra pay for attending the polls while the count was going on. The board of county commissioners refused to comply, and tendered the usual compensation, two dollars. The peace officers then employed counsel to test the matter, and the question was argued before the court.

The new law contains no provisions for an increase of pay for the extra time served by constables, but provides that all expenses incurred in carrying out the law shall be paid by the county commissioners Judge Reyburn, has not, as yet, rendered a decision, but it is awaited with much interest.

How to Get a Bird Book.

The editor of the *Freeport Journal* wants each of his subscribers to have a Bird book and thus tells them how to get it:

"The legislature has passed a resolution to print another lot of Bird books, and we hope every reader of the *Journal* will see that they get their share. It is a very valuable book; large well bound, and contains a handsome picture and description of every known bird in the state. It will be an elegant book for the library or to lie on the center table, and as it is to be paid for out of the public money every taxpayer is entitled to one of them at least. Sit right down and write to your representative, senator or member, and tell him you want a copy. He may make some excuse; may say that there is only a limited number published and that it will be impossible for him to send one to each of his constituents, but do not listen to any such excuse. They have no business to print them at public expense unless all the public can get their proper proportion. We do not want any discrimination. One man is just as good in this case as another and has the same rights. It is about time this business was stopped, and we propose to do our share toward it. We want books for everybody or no books at all."

Real Estate Transfers.

J. Blair Decker et ux. to George M. Schell, Hastings; consideration, $2,000.

Henry Smith et ux. to George S. Lamb, Adams, $410.

J. L. Spangler et ux. to David Libby, Hastings, $2,000.

Claude M. Johnson et ux. to R. E. Lambert, Johnstown, $450.

Robert E. Lambert to Mary Lambert, Johnstown, $5.

R. E. Lambert, to Mary Lambert, Johnstown, $350.

D. J. Cramer et al. to Richard J. Williams, Chest, $30.

Thos. W. Hanna et ux. to David H. Hanna, Washington, $35.

F. A. Shoemaker et ux. to E. B. McCormick et al., Susquehanna, $1.

Nelson Varner to George Varner, Sr., Johnstown, $600.

Martin Deitrich et ux. to Mary S. Deitrich, Chest, $600.

M. L. Levergood et ux. to George Fockler, Johnstown, $1.

M. L. Levergood et ux. to George Fockler, Johnstown, $1.

Abner Griffith et ux. to Jacob H. Rose, Stonycreek, $150.

Jacob H. Rose et ux. to Mary A. Witt, Stonycreek, $1,050.

Michael McCauley et ux. to Henry Strayer, Morrellville, $4,000.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to Sarah C. Jackson Patton, $150.

J. L. Spangler, Trustee, to John P. Kirsch, Spangler, $125.

J. L. Spangler, trustee, to Augustin P. Kirsch, Spangler, $125.

Sheriff of Cambria county to John McColgan, Wilmore, $150.

Sheriff of Cambria county to John McColgan, Wilmore, $25.

J. J. McDonnell et ux. to John E. Wilson assignee, Portage, $1.

Martha F. Bheam to Nancy C. Tibbott, Lower Yoder, $800.

W. Scott Beam et ux. to Frederick Dishong, Lower Yoder, $4,500.

Frederick Dishong et ux to W. Scott Beam, Lower Yoder, $4,000.

Nancy C. Tibbott to Martha F. Bheam, Lower Yoder, $850.

Executor of John J. Seese to Charles Ott, Richland, $685.

Walter S. Weaver et ux to Harry J. Custer, Richland, $50.

Walter S. Weaver et ux. to Harry J. Custer, Richland, $200.

John Canavan, Jr., to Phoenix Brewing Company, Portage, $284.

Daniel O'Connell et ux. to John J. Gallagher, Johnstown, $2,400.

Alfred Tucker et al to Thomas Barnes, Susquehanna, $56.

H. M. Kephart et al. to Henrietta B. Wenderoth, Wilmore, $1.

Trinity Evangelical Luthern church to G. W. W. Amick, Johnstown, $2,400.

Catharine Endress et al. to Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company, Munster, $1,200.

J. L. Spangler, trustee to the Spangler Improvement Company, Spangler, $1.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company, Carroll $1.,

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Comdany to Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company, Carroll, $1.

Lee Ott et ux. to Harriet E. Musser Susquehanna, $1.

Assignee of Eliza Pickworth to F. P. Martin Dale.

From Mountaindale.

Rev. Mr. Dean, an able and pleasant minister of the gospel, of Reynoldsville, Pa., is conducting an unsuccessful revival in the Baptist church of this place. The meetings are cold and the audiences are small. There have been dissensions in this church for the past five years, and their wranglings have not reflected credit to the community. The reverend gentleman will have to set this church right within itself before he can expect to accomplish any good in this neighborhood.

Farmers throughout this state should use their influence with their representatives in the legislature to secure the passage of the law tending to put down the nefarious "pluck-me" store system. They should do this not only in justice to their fellow men, but because it is an injury to themselves. Miners dare not purchase from the farmer direct, nor from the retail merchant who is conducting a legitimate business. If they did they would be discharged from their present employment and other mining companies would refuse them work. In short, they would be stigmatized as agitators, anarchists, lawbreakers and tramps too lazy to work. The general merchant not having sale for the produce of the farmer, he is compelled to dispose of it to the proprietor of the robshops at their own prices in rotten goods. If these stores were rooted out the farmer could sell his produce to the miner direct, or to the independent merchant, and he would be able to command a better price. These fellows should be outlawed and exterminated as effectively as the Jessie James gang was a few years ago. They are too cowardly to go out on the highways and hold people up at the muzzle of a revolver, but confine their robbery to the poor and defenceless, and their weapon is starvation. L.

Evening Toilets.

Now that the season of gatherings, balls and theatre parties has fairly set in, every women's interest is once more centered on the appropriate evening toilettes. The bodice is a mass of some filmy fabric, the ultra-fashionable ones—irrespective of skirt made of another material—being invariably of crepon or embroidered mousline de soie, made over a foundation of silk which, in color, matches the skirt. Rosettes of lace usually finish the bodice. Jewelled corselets are very popular. They have a silk foundation and are frequently set with real gems. The crepes afford an opportunity for producing, at a moderate price, very artistic effects. They come in all tints. The ribboned crepe is a very dainty novelty. Sleeves remain as wonderful as ever in size. They are of the same fabric as the skirt. As for the latter, it is conspicuous for its plainness and its pronounced flare. A great variety of models are to be found in the McDowell fashion magazines. These unequalled periodicals offer an inducement in the way of special coupon patterns which always follow the latest, the most fashionable and the most practical styles. Both "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost $3.50 per year, or 35 cents a copy; "The French Dressmaker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy. As for "La Mode," it costs only $1.50 a year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure either of these journals from your newsdealer do not take any substitute from him but apply by mail directly to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th street, New York.

A Railroad in Trouble.

The Pennsylvania Midland railroad, a 25-mile line under construction from Cessna, Bedford county, to Brooks Mills, Blair county, seems to be financially embarassed. Contractor E. A. Tennis has been sued by 40 laborers and sub-contractors for nonpayment of claims, and the chief engineer and his corps of assistants have ceased work and instituted suits for several months' wages. Engineer J. Murray Africa retains possession of every plan or draft of the road and it would be impossible to proceed with the work without them.

One stone-mason, it is said, has a claim of $4,000 against Contractor Tennis. A Mr. Gerrish, of Maine, is one of the chief promoters of the road.

Mourners Go Over a Precipice.

At Pittsburg last Wednesday, while the funeral corteage of Peter Saladin was proceeding from the church to the cemetery, the horses attached to a carriage occupied by Mrs. Stroup and Mrs. Wonhouse, daughters of the deceased, and their husbands, became unmanageable, and with the carriage, plunged over a 40-foot precipice. The horses and carriage overturned several times, alighting in the brook at the bottom.

Neither of the men were much injured. The women, however, were very seriously, and, perhaps, fatally hurt. They were taken home and the funeral proceeded. A second carriage and its occupants narrowly escaped a similar experience.

—Saturday is groundhog day and from thenceforth we will have official weather prognostications.

AMONG the pupils of one of the primary schools in Lock Haven is a woman 54 years of age who did not have the opportunities for obtaining an education in her childhood days which the boys and girls of today have. She is making rapid progress in her studies and her example and determination to acquire knowledge might be followed by many other people. A person is never too old to learn.

HOME.

Outward storms are blowing,
'Gainst the nation's dome;
Inward fires are glowing,
For the nation's home.

Tho' dark the night and dreary,
Without the sheltered fold.
Within they ne'er grow weary,
In guarding 'gainst the cold.

—S. W. JONES.

Miscellaneous Notices.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in February, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

WANTED—A responsible and energetic man to handle Lightning Rods in Cambria county. E. K. HUM & CO., jan11.2 8 Market St., Pittsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT. A new eight room house on Lloyd street. For particulars call on E. DUFTON, Ebensburg, Pa.

FURS. The highest market price paid for all kinds of Furs by George L. Fredericks, Ebensburg, Pa.

TWO Heating Stoves at cost at Dufton's.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect January 21, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Day Express, daily	11 04 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 09 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 36 p m
Mail Train, week days	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 25 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave as follows: 7.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, a. m. and 4.06 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.45, a. m and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.50 a m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last, and all the time, forever.

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Daily and Sunday by mail.....$8 a year
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OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Eva Johnson, by her next friend, J. A. Adolfsen, vs. John Johnson. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county. No. 353, June term, 1894. LIBEL IN DIVORCE.

The Sheriff having been directed to make publication, did on 4th January, 1895, return that he published a notice to John Johnson as required by the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

The undersigned Commissioner appointed by the Court to take testimony and report a decree, hereby gives notice that he will sit for the purpose of such appointment at his office in Ebensburg, Pa., on THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 3 P. M., at which time and place all persons interested may be heard.

J. F. McKENRICK, Ebensburg Pa., Jan 25, 1895. Commissioner

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE. Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Stoltz, late of Elder township, in the county of Cambria, Pa., deceased, were duly granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. MARY STOLTZ, JACOB P. STOLTZ, Administrators of Jacob Stoltz, deceased. Elder township, February 1, 1895.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. Estate of Ann Keating, deceased. Letters testamentary on the estate of Ann Keating, late of Summerhill township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to us, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. PETER KEATING, RICHARD KEATING Executors of Ann Keating, deceased. Summerhill Twp., Jan. 25, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Mrs. John Leap, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. John Leap, late of Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. FRANK LEAP, Administrator of Mrs. John Leap, deceased. Washington Twp., Jan. 25, 1895.

WANTED.—Local and traveling salesmen to handle our Hardy Canadian Grown Nursery Stock. We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Our Nurseries are the largest in the Dominion—over 700 acres. No substitution in orders. Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or part time agents. Write us. STONE & WELLINGTON, Head office, Toronto, Canada. The only Nursery in Canada having testing Orchards. 11.2m3.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, hereby all persons not to hunt, fish or trespass in any way on our premises, as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law. H. B NOEL, JOHN EEHE, ALEXIUS WILL, J. A. GLASS, A. J. M'MULLEN, HUGH M'NEELIS. Clearfield township, March 9, 1894.

AND NOW IT'S

EVERYTHING

The months of January and February are costly ones. Big Stock selling very, very slow. Easier to carry the cash than the stock. Allow us the cost and they're yours.

We have just finished taking inventory and find we have entirely too much stock. We are determined to cut it at least $5,000 to $6,000. Here are some of our prices:

500 pairs Curtains that sold for $1.50 at this sale for 75 cents and $1.00.

100 full webs unbleached Muslin, ranging from 3½ to 5c yards in web, at only 5 cents per yard—former price, 8 cents.

74 full rolls of Crash, 50 yards to the roll, at 5 cents per yard.

Remnants of 10, 12, 14, and 18c. Crash cut to 6c. per yard.

1,524 yards Flannel reduced to 15c. per yard—it sold for 25, 30 and 40 cents.

96 pairs all-wool ten quarter Blankets cut to $4.48—former price, $6.00.

56 webs dark Calico, 48 to 57 yards to the web, cut to 4 cents per yard—sold at 6¼ cents per yard.

70 Ladies' Coats, broken sizes—sold for $3.50 to $6.50—all must go at $1.50.

Other Coats cut from $12.00 and $15.00 to $5.50 and $7.00.

Gents' Linen Collars that sold for 15 cents, at this sale you can get four for 10 cents.

Gloves reduced 25 per cent.

Men's and Boys' Clothing at wonderfully cut prices, thus:

$18.00 Suit for $12.50.
12.50 Suit for 7.00.
7.00 Suit for 4.50.
4.50 Suit for 2.25.

IN HATS AND CAPS

we can save you lots of money as we are we are cutting them down to the Lowest Mark.

325 pairs Overalls that sold for 75 cents, for this sale for only 50 cents.

Any kind of Overcoat you want—Men's or Boys—50 cents on the dollar—thus:

$10.00 Coat at $5.00.
5.00 Coat at 2.50.

We have 350 pairs Men's Jean Pants that we will sell for 65c. at this sale—they always sold for $1.00.

Men's scuff Pants for $1.25 that we always sold for $2.00.

Men's Dress Pants at your own price—we have them all wool for $1.50, $1.98, $2.25 and $3.50—these same Pants sold for $2.50 $3.50, $4.50 and $5.50.

We are going to close our

STOCK OF FURNITURE

to make room for a heavy shipment that we have purchased for March 1st.

One set Kitchen Chairs, $2.75. High Backed Dining Chairs for $5 per set. Bedroom Suite, 8 pieces, all hardwood, for $22.00. 2 Woven Wire Springs for $5.00. All hard wood Beds, light or dark, for $2.50.

To make room for

OUR SPRING STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

We will sacrifice our entire stock. This the way we cut prices:

Men's Congress or Lace Dress Shoe, formerly sold for $1.75, now at $1.00, sizes 6 to 10.

Men's working Shoes, formerly sold for $1.25, now at 99 cents.

Men's Fine Dress Shoes, Congress or Lace, formerly sold at $2.00, at this sale for $1.25.

Men's Fine Dress Shoe, hand sewed, Calf, Congress or Lace, at $3.25, formerly $5.00.

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoe, formerly $2.00, now at $1.25.

Ladies' Pebble Goat, Button, formerly $1.50, now $1.00.

Misses' Glove Grain, Spring Heeled, Button, formerly $1.50, now $1.15.

Child's Dongola, Spring Heeled, sizes 6 to 10, 50 cents.

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The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

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Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully, JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

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OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

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KITTELL & LITTLE,

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EBENSBURG, PA.

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FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING

LARGEST STOCK! FINEST GOODS! LOWEST PRICES!

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY!

Our new Fall Stock will surprise all who see it by the extensive variety it offers in every line of goods which we carry. We will sell you fine Overcoats and Clothing at prices much lower than ever before. We have all the new styles in Hats. Our stock of Winter Underwear and Gents' Furnishings is immense.

It will pay you to come twenty-five miles to buy Clothing from us. Call and examine our goods and you will be convinced we will save you money.

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IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

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The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

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Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

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WANTED Energetic men to sell our choice and complete line of Nursery Stock and seed potatoes. High salary and commission paid weekly. Paying and permanent position guaranteed and success assured to good men. Special inducements to beginners. Experience not necessary. Exclusive territory and your own choice of same given. Do not delay but apply to ALLEN NURSERY CO., Growers and Propagators, Rochester, N. Y. aug5 4m

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; three profits, both sexes. Write now for terms, stock cuts, SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. [illegible], 348 Broadway, N. Y.

AMENDING THE BILL.

Cleveland's Plan Being Touched Up In Committee.

SILVER MEN EXPECT ITS DEATH.

They Think the Silver Senators Will Kill It With Talk—Republicans Co-Operate With Administration Democrats—Senate Committee Accomplishes Nothing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The house committee on banking and currency spent the session in debating the new administration bill, went through it by sections, adopted three important amendments and adjourned, leaving two amendments to be acted on. Chairman Springer says that the committee will be able to report the amended bill to the house today. Republican members say that the plan will be in committee two or three days longer, but all agree that it will be reported to the house in time, although materially changed from the original plan, since the Republicans are disposed to co operate with the administration Democrats. There was some sparring for points in the committee, and a general disposition to engraft personal schemes upon the measure, but as a whole the proceedings were unusually free from partisanship.

Chairman Springer has not yet decided how much time he will ask the committee on rule to give for debate. The bill is a privileged one and can be called up at any time. Accordingly, the California Democratic members, who are fighting the Reilly Pacific railroad bill very bitterly, are urging Mr. Springer to report the financial measure today, if possible, and displace the Reilly bill. The action of the house upon the amended bill seems to depend upon the Republicans, who hold the balance of power. How far the amendments will placate the opposition, remains to be seen, but it is conceded that the chances of the measure are much better in the house than in the senate. Its opponents are largely depending upon the free silver senators to talk it to death, as they may be able to do in a body which has no rule by which it can fix a day for a vote.

Of the three amendments to the bill adopted, the first, proposed by Haugen (Rep., Wis.), reduces the tax upon the circulation from 1 per cent per annum to one-fourth of 1 per cent, payable semi-annually. The second, proposed by Walker (Rep., Mass.), strikes out the fifth section of the bill, that requiring import duties to be paid in gold. The vote upon it was: Yeas, 6; nays, 4.

The other amendment adopted strikes out the words "fifty years after date" and makes the bonds "payable at the pleasure of the United States after ten years from the date of issue." This proposal to shorten the bond term met with nearly unanimous approval.

When the committee adjourned, two amendments were pending to be acted upon. One, offered by Mr. Rupell (Rep.), stipulates that the retirement and cancellation of legal tenders for each month shall not be greater than the increase in amount of national bank notes, under the operation of the plan. This amendment was carried when first offered, and then there was a successful motion to reconsider and postpone action for a day.

Representative Walker stands sponsor for the other pending amendment, which is to require one-half of the reserve funds of the banks to be held in gold coin or gold certificates, the other half in silver coin or silver certificates. Ten per cent of the reserve is to be held in this stipulated form on July 1, 1895; 20 per cent at the end of three months; the change being made at the rate of 10 per cent a quarter until completed. The discussion upon this amendment hinged on the point whether forcing the banks to secure gold for deposits would not cause a greater demand upon the treasury for gold than the raids which are now in progress.

The proceeding of the senate finance committee meeting were based upon a bill which had been prepared by Senator Voorhees. This bill provided simply for the issuance of short time certificates which were to be used for the purpose of making good the reserve and of meeting the revenue deficiency, but when the afternoon session opened he had added a clause providing for the free coinage of silver. There was a motion to strike out the silver provision, which was lost on a tie vote of 5 to 5, all the Republican members and Senator McPherson (Dem.) voting for the motion and all the Democrats opposing it. A vote was then taken on the proposition as a whole and it was lost by a vote of 7 to 3, Senators Vest and White, as well as McPherson, voting with the Republicans. There was also a tie vote on a motion by Senator Aldrich to substitute the Springer bill for the Voorhees bill.

SUGAR SCHEDULE REPEAL

Bounty-Paying Countries Don't Have to Pay the Differential.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A special order was invoked in the house to bring the bill to repeal the one-tenth of 1 cent differential duty imposed by the new tariff law on sugars imported by bounty paying countries and it was passed without amendment by a vote of 239 to 31.

A series of amendments, two offered by Mr. Hepburn and Mr. Hopkins, looking to retaliation in case Germany refused to admit our meat products after the differential; one by Mr. Hitt (Ills.), to repeal the one-eighth differential on refined sugar; one by Mr. Dingley (Me.), to provide that this act should not be construed to mean that the United States surrendered the right under treaties containing favored nation clauses, to effect bounties by the imposition of equivalent differential duties, and one by Mr. VanVoorhis (N. Y.), to place all sugar, raw and refined, on the free list, were lost by practically strictly party votes.

The debate was of an interesting character and at times very spirited. It touched quite extensively on the treasury situation and the remedies to be applied. Mr. Dingley (Me.) made a long statement of the receipts and expenditures to show that the treasury was suffering from lack of revenue and that the first duty of the government was to increase the receipts of the treasury. Mr. Reed took a similar view of the situation, which was again denied by Mr. Wilson (W. Va.). The attempts to amend the bill by repealing the other portions of the sugar duty were opposed by Mr. Wilson on the ground that if the bill was loaded down with amendments it would surely meet its doom in the senate.

Manitoba School Case Reopened.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The lord chancellor, Baron Herschell, has delivered judgment allowing the appeal from the decision of the supreme court of Canada in the case of Brophy and others against the attorney general of Manitoba, rendered Feb. 20, 1894, and known as the "Manitoba school case." No costs were allowed. This reopens the case of the right of Catholics to maintain parochial schools without being taxed for common schools.

Will Uphold Autocracy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 30.—The czar and czarina have received, at the winter palace, 182 deputies, representing the nobility of the chief cities, the Zemstvos, or provincial institutions and the different corps of Kossacks. Addressing the deputation, the czar said: "Let everyone understand that I shall devote all my strength to our dear Russia, but I am as firmly resolved as my ever-lamented father to uphold autocracy."

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Porter's Philadelphia Councilmanic Bill Defeated—Some New Appointments.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 30.—Senator Porter's Philadelphia councilmanic bill was defeated in the senate.

Senator Flinn introduced a bill providing that any public officers required to file a bond may file the bond of a surety or guarantee company, authorized to do such business, and such bond shall be all that it is required to be, whether such officer is required to file bond with one or more sureties. Such guarantee bond shall be in lieu of all such.

The second section provides that no company shall be authorized to do such business except it shall have a paid-up capital not less than $500,000, and have at least $100,000 invested in securities created by laws of the United States or of the state wherein such company is incorporated, or other safe, marketable and interest-bearing stocks or securities worth at least par and deposited with the insurance commissioner.

Governor Hastings sent to the senate the nomination of A. J. Logan to be quartermaster general of the national guard, and John Lowry Roger to be alderman in the Fifth ward, Johnstown. Both were confirmed. The governor has also appointed Howard B Hartswick of Clearfield to be assistant state librarian. Mr Hartswick was a strong candidate for law clerk in the attorney general's office, which place was given Mr. Graham of Carlisle.

The house committee on rules reported for sessions to begin next week at 10 o'clock instead of 11. An amendment was offered for adjournment at 1 p. m. A lively tilt followed, in which the shorter session idea was aired. The amendment was supported by Merrick, Bliss, Cochrane and others in the interest of committee work, but failed, and the resolution of the committee passed by a narrow majority.

The house committee on agriculture reported favorably the two bills of Mr Muehlbronner regulating the sale of oleomargarine and providing for the payment of an annual license of $100 by dealers in the same.

A Russian Official Arrives.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 30.—Captain Biazanine Gabriel of St. Petersburg, Russia, the inspector of the Russian government, dispatched here to the ordnance works of the Bethlehem Iron company, has arrived in Bethlehem. He has brought with him the plans and specifications for the armor of Russia's two new war vessels, which the Bethlehem Iron company is to manufacture. The work is to be begun at once. Inspector Gabriel is a middleaged man of commanding appearance.

A Youthful Traveler.

EASTON, Pa., Jan. 30.—A little 9-year old boy, Charles Dittinger, has arrived here from Forest Home, Ills., after making the trip entirely on his own resources. He is the son of Mrs Frank Dittinger of 1042 Butler street. His father died when he was 8 years old, and his mother married and came here leaving the child with relatives. Recently he decided he wanted to see his mother, so he started alone on his journey of 1,100 miles.

Started to Organize Secretly.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—After five years of disorganization, the employes of Park Bros.' Black Diamond steelworks, have started to organize secretly. This is partly the result of recent wage reductions at the plant. Five years ago the power of the Knights of Labor was broken by the firm at its mills.

Death of a Former Pittsburger.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—James McCandless, a former member of the firm of McCandless, Johnson & Co., Pittsburg, has died at his home, Fifteenth and Jefferson streets, in his 81st year. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Join the K. of L. Revolt.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—District Assembly No. 3 of the Knights of Labor, composed of Pittsburgers, to the number of 3,800, have officially announced their refusal to have anything more to do with the general office of the Knights of Labor in Philadelphia.

Draining the Philadelphia Mint.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Secretary Carlisle has ordered $2,500,000 in gold shipped to New York from the United States mint in this city. It is said that there may be a further drain on the mint.

Wounded by Italians.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 30.—Peter and Michael Judge of Pittston are lying at the point of death from wounds received during a fight with Italians.

Disappeared While Demented.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 30.—The tragic death of the Rev. Dr. Liebhardt of this city, editor of the Hans Und Herd, who either fell or was thrown from a train in Canada, has, it is supposed, unbalanced the mind of Miss Lizzie Dohrmann of Covington, Ky., his sister-in-law. She left home without warning Monday morning, insufficiently clad, and has not since been heard from. Her father, Mr. J. F. Dohrmann, has offered a reward for any information that will lead to discovering her whereabouts. She is about 30 years of age, a blonde, and was wearing a gray and black striped woolen dress and no wrap when she went away.

Judge Jackson No Worse.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 30.—Information received from Thomasville, Ga., is to the effect that the condition of Judge Howell E. Jackson of the supreme court of the United State is no worse, and that he has decided to leave there for his home near Nashville tomorrow. General Jackson, his brother, says there are no grounds for the alarming rumors which were circulated concerning Judge Jackson's health. The climatic influence of Thomasville, has, he said, ceased to be beneficial to Judge Jackson's health, and for this reason he had decided to come home.

They Need Severe Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—It is announced that unless extreme wintry conditions all over the country create at once a general demand for rubber goods, it is probable that several of the rubber goods factories controlled by the United States Rubber company, including the factories at New Brunswick, N. J., employing about 1,200 hands, will shut down indefinitely. The existing dullness is attributed wholly to the open ness of the present winter.

Owner of Alcyron Dead.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 30.—Frank L. Noble, formerly owner of the famous trotting stallion Alcyron, has died at his home in this city, aged 45 years. He had been suffering from kidney trouble, and had been confined to his bed for ten days, but his death was not expected.

A Big Wheat Deal.

TOLEDO, Jan. 30.—On the Toledo Stock Exchange William E. Brigham, of the grain firm of Carrington & Co., sold to Frank I. King, of C. A. King & Co., 300,000 bushels of wheat at 53½ cents per bushel, netting $160,500.

The Weather.

Fair; southwest to west winds.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Revolt has broken out in Colombia, and inhabitants of Colon are depending upon United States protection.

Captain Howgate's trial was delayed in the criminal court at Washington by the illness of a juror.

The decision sentencing Councilman John T. Callahan of New Orleans to five years' imprisonment for accepting bribes, was reversed by the supreme court in that city.

Judge Beekman, in the supreme court of New York, overruled an application for a demurrer filed by George J. Gould, in an action to recover $11,000,000.

M. Spiskin was appointed at St. Petersburg to succeed temporarily the late Russian minister of foreign affairs M. de Giers.

WILL REPEL INVASION.

Guatemala Assured of Help In Case of War.

CENTRAL AMERICA VS. MEXICO.

Ministers of Different Countries Promise to Assist Guatemala—Representatives of the Two Countries Call on Secretary Gresham at Washington.

GUATEMALA, Jan. 30.—The president has just received Minister Arias of Honduras. Ministers Gomez of Nicaragua and Estupinan of Salvador have been received before. All their speeches, which were full of patriotism, clearly show that Guatemala would not stand alone in case of a Mexican conflict.

They have individually offered the cooperation of their countries to Guatemala in such an event, showing that on any question directly affecting all, Central America stands united to repel any invasion. The Costa Rica legation arrives soon, and is confidently expected to express the same resolutions favoring Central Americanism as heartily as shown by the legations of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras.

A Washington special says: Senor Romero, the Mexican minister, and Senor Arriago, the Guatemalan minister, called at the state department. They were admitted at once to the diplomatic room and entered upon a discussion of the troubles between their respective countries with Secretary Gresham. In such cases the ministers are usually charged with power by their governments to offer and receive suggestions looking to a settlement of the disputed questions, subject, of course, to the approval of the home governments, but in this case both officials have denied that the matter is in their hands, so the inference is that Secretary Gresham is simply urging them to advise their governments to show a spirit of mutual concession. All the parties to the conference refuse to disclose the nature of the proceedings, but it is suggested in one quarter that a tentative proposition advanced looks to the relegation of the Mexican demand for a money indemnity for trespass on the Chiapas lands to the date of the completion of the boundary survey between Mexico and Guatemala. If it is then found that Guatemala has been guilty of trespass, she must pay the indemnity and not otherwise.

DIDN'T WANT TO VOTE.

North Carolina Women Glad Over the Defeat of a Bill.

RALEIGH, Jan. 30.—There has been a disposition manifested on the part of a large number of Populist members of the legislature to give women the right to vote on certain occasions and to make them eligible to certain offices. A bill to require that one member of the school committee in each county shall be a woman was defeated in the senate by a vote of 26 to 19.

A large number of women were spectators in the senate galleries when the vote was taken, and when the result was announced they loudly applauded, thus illustrating what is generally known—that the white women of North Carolina, and the south generally, are opposed to female suffrage, and are not in favor of members of their sex holding public office.

Killed by a Sparrow.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—Two sons of Charles Moore, living eight miles from this city, captured an English sparrow. They took the bird home. On being released the sparrow flew savagely at Ida, the baby sister, and fiercely seized her lower lip. The baby's screams brought her mother to the rescue and she endeavored to get the sparrow away. Before this could be done the bird had to be killed and the beak pried open with pinchers. An illness, in the nature of blood poisoning set in, and the little one soon succumbed.

Chicago Bankers For It.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The following telegram, signed by the presidents of 20 of the leading banks of Chicago, has been sent to Washington addressed to Senators Cullom and Palmer of Illinois and Congressman Aldrich of this city: "The bankers of Chicago respectfully urge members of the senate and house, irrespective of party, to unite in the immediate passage of a bill in conformity with the president's message. The business interests of the country demand such action."

Voting on a General Strike.

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 30.—Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is on his way to the Pacific coast. Under his instructions all the brotherhoods are being pooled on all the roads in order to get a vote on the question of ordering a general strike. According to the rules of the brotherhood a general strike cannot be ordered without a consenting vote from two-thirds of the members of the organization.

Fractured His Skull.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 30.—William Dickman, a German farmhand, was found unconscious in a buggyshed in the rear of 415 Charles street by John Vogt, a relative, who lives at the number indicated. He died without recovering consciousness, and an autopsy disclosed that his skull was fractured over the left ear, and that death resulted from a bloodclot on the brain. It is supposed that he received his injuries in a fall.

Fifteen Killed In a Riot.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 30.—A terrible riot has occurred at Ocatlan. Miners who were working in rival mines became involved in a row, which soon became a general fight. The police were sent for, and with great difficulty restored peace. After the excitement had quieted down it was discovered that 15 had been killed and 35 badly wounded.

To Prevent Sunday Games.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—By a vote of 86 to 23 the Missouri house has gone on record as endorsing a bill to prevent Sunday baseball. The bill provides for a fine of $50 for each offender and places such games on a level with Sunday gambling.

Mary Anderson Has Recovered.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—F. Antonio Navarro, the husband of Mary Anderson Navarro, the former actress, says that his wife has quite recovered from the illness which followed the birth of her son, which died a few hours latter on Dec 10th last.

Fair's Will Stolen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The will of the late James G. Fair has been stolen from the clerk's office, and there is not the slightest clew to the perpetrators of the crime.

More Trouble In Brazil.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 30.—The partisans of ex-President Peixoto are making manifestations daily and threatening to cause trouble. The government is taking precautions. It is rumored that the military cadets are engaged in a conspiracy.

An American Consul Having Trouble.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 30.—There has been a serious disagreement between the American consulate agent at Fez and the Moorish government. The details of the affair are not known.

Count Bismarck Promoted.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The Militarir Wochenblatt announces that Count Herbert Bismarck has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

CARS RUNNING IN BROOKLYN.

Many Strikers Were Injured by the Raid of Their Headquarters.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 30.—Cars are running on the different street car lines in fair order. Small riots still continue.

Odd Fellows' hall, on Palmetto street, the strikers' headquarters, has not been opened since the police raided it Monday night. The men who fell victims to the policemen's clubs at that time are nursing their injuries. One of the most seriously injured is Master Workman Thomas Murray. The interior of the hall presents the appearance of a desperate battleground. After being raided three times within a week, the windows and doors are shattered and the walls have been punctured by many bullets.

While car 148 of the Fulton street line was passing under the elevated railroad structure at the corner of Alabama avenue and Fulton street shortly after dark last evening, a short dark man leaped out from the shadow of one of the iron pillars, and jumping on the rear step of the car, lunged at Conductor Green, who was standing on the platform, with a knife. As he did so, his foot slipped and the blade was buried in Green's body just over the left hip. In the confusion that ensued Green's assailant made his escape.

MORE FINANCIAL TALK.

The Bankruptcy Bill Debated In the House—Several Measures Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — President Cleveland's financial message has again started the eddies and currents of sentiment on the financial question in the senate. While this has not yet crystalized into definite action, several incidents occurred in the senate which indicated general tendencies. Mr Manderson (Rep., Neb.) presented a compromise plan. The senator emphasized the need of concession and compromise in a vigorous speech, urging senators to give and take in order that some common ground for getting the financial emergency might be secured.

In replying, Mr. Teller (Rep., Colo.) made the significant declaration that no such compromise legislation could be effected at this session of congress.

Among the measures passed during the day were those for the incorporation of the National Association of Florists, and for the sale of international mileage tickets to commercial travelers, known as the commercial traveler's bill.

Most of the session was given to the bankruptcy bill, Mr. Mitchell (Rep., Or.) offering a substitute on the so-called Torrey bankruptcy bill, and Mr. George (Dem., Miss.) speaking at length in explanation of the bill.

Approve the President's Message.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The national board of trade convention has adopted the following: "Resolved, That the national board of trade, now assembled, strongly approves the earnest message concerning the financial condition of the country, just sent to congress by the president of the United States, and strongly hopes that congress will set aside all feeling, except from paramount duty to the country, and enact that legislation that is necessary to strengthen the federal treasury, maintain the public faith and credit, and tend to relieve the industries, trade and business of the people from the financial disturbances from which they have recently suffered."

A Dinner to the Clevelands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The dinner given by Attorney General and Mrs. Olney to President and Mrs. Cleveland was one of the most delightful of the winter. The guests were: President and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary of State and Mrs. Gresham, Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle, Secretary of War and Mrs. Lamont, Secretary of the Navy and Miss Herbert, Postmaster General and Mrs. Bissell, the secretary of agriculture, Chief Justice and Mrs Fuller, Mrs. Slater, Miss Lee, Miss Lorring, Sir Rivers Wilson and Mr. Carter.

Receivers For the Whisky Trust.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—At the residence of Federal Judge Grosscup, on application of New York stockholders of the whisky trust, representing about $3,000,000 of stock, Joseph B. Greenhut of Peoria, Ills., and E. F. Lawrence of Chicago were appointed receivers of the trust. The application was based upon the general poor condition of the business of the trust at the present time, and upon the inability of the organication to float an issue of bonds, from the proceeds of which it was expected to gain financial relief.

A Prominent Politician Arrested.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Frances Schoomaker of Plainfield, N. J., a prominent politician of that state, has been arrested at the Chicago Beach hotel here, charged with obtaining $2,500 from Christopher Strobel of Waterbury, Conn. by false pretenses. He is said to have been in hiding in Chicago for several weeks. Schoomaker claims to be a large stockholder in the United Press.

An Echo of a Duel.

TRENTON, Jan. 30.—Mrs. May E Riegel has brought suit in the court of chancery for alimony against her husband Dr. E. Lear Riegel of Bloomsbury, between whom and William Bibbler, a number of shots were exchanged a few days ago. Mrs. Riegel bases her application for alimony on the ground of desertion and cruel treatment.

Long Granted a Mandamus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Judge Bradley of the district supreme court has granted the mandamus aked for by Judge Charles D. Long of Michigan to compel Commissioner Lochren of the pension bureau to restore the former rating of $72 per month to the plaintiff. The mandamus against Secretary Smith, asked for by Judge Long, was denied as unnecessary.

Fifty Employes Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Fifty employes of the census bureau have been dismissed to take effect tomorrow. Most of the remaining 200 will be dropped from the rolls during February. The last section of the farms, homes and mortgages division is abolished by the order and only the divisions of population, vital statistics and final results now remain.

Cured By the Lord.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—Norfolk has a remarkable example of faith-cure in Miss Katie Florence Turpin, an orphan, 18 years old, whose spine was injured by a fall when she was 9 months old, confining her to the bed or a wheel chair. The other day she arose from her bed and walked across the room, announcing that God, in answer to prayer, had cured her.

Thieves Fight Over Spoils.

PERRY, O. T., Jan. 30.—A priest who has returned from Sacred Heart mission tells of a battle near there between two gangs of outlaws over the distribution of some spoils, one gang had stolen. A terrible fight with knives, pistols and Winchesters ensued for several hours, at least one man being killed, while several others were badly wounded.

A Prominent Woman Suicides.

NILES, O., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Louis Sahm, a lady prominent in church work at this place, stood before a mirror and blew her brains out with a revolver. The woman held her young infant in her arms while she committed the deed. The baby was uninjured. Poor health probably led to the act.

Good Show For a Lynching.

LA JUNTA, Colo., Jan. 30.—Charles Donnevan, a barkeeper, has been arrested on a charge of attempted criminal assault upon the 9-year-old daughter of James Claussman, a blind man. If Donnevan can be secured by a mob his chances for hanging are good.

Have You A Rival?

The people have long since come to the conclusion that the loud claims of the average Sewing Machine agent, about the superiority of the $40 to $60 Machines over the kind we sell, are most absurd.

When we first introduced the Rival Sewing Machne into this section, there were grave doubts as to our ability to do as we claimed to do—sell a first-class, fully-equipped and guaranteed Machine at about half the prices charged by regular Sewing Machine dealers. Buying Sewing Machines at dry goods prices was new and novel to the people, but they've displayed their itnelligence by coming here in liberal numbers and securing a Rival for their use.

There Are No Complaints.

Notwithstanding the large number of Rival Sewing Machines which we have placed in the homes of Altoona people, we have a clean record so far as complaints are concerned.

Buyers run no risk. We will refund the purchase money if any Machine proves unsatisfactory. We wouldn't want to sell you a Sewing Machine any more than any other article that would not give you satisfaction.

Three-drawer Rival, oak	$19.50
Five-drawer Rival, oak	21.00
Seven-drawer Rival, oak	25.00
Three-drawer New Home, oak	19.50
Three-drawer New Home, fancy oak	25.00

Complete set of attachments with each machine.

Write for particulars.

Gable & Co.,

ALTOONA, PA.

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. **The best remedy is Ayer's Pills.** Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Is Farly Rising ••• ••• Healthful?

It Is If You Start the Day by Reading the Right Kind of a Newspaper, and

The Patriot is the right kind. It is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches Central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day.

It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the State and the only one printed at the State Capital the official and political centre of the Commonwealth.

It prints the news, receiving it over its own wires through the extraordinary facilities of the great Press Associations, aided by its own correspondence.

The Patriot is Democratic to the core. It is opposed to bosses and and an enemy of corrupt politics. It isn't afraid to fight the wrong; it never hesitates to speak for the right.

It makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all other State papers combined.

The Legislative session of 1895 will be of great importance to the people of the State. **The Patriot** with special reporters will keep its readers fully informed concerning this and all other political and economic matters. It has exclusive opportunities for securing advance news of a public kind.

DAILY, every week day morning in the year, $6 a year.

WEEKLY, Tuesday evening of each week, $1 a year.

THE DAILY issue will be sent four months on trial, by mail only, on receipt of $1.

The Patriot is the best advertising medium in Pensylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

Free to the Unemployed:—It inserts without charge advertisements of those wanting employment. Its Help Order has brought assistance to hundreds. It has a Cent a Word Want Column for other Wants. Address,

THE PATRIOT COMPANY,
Harrisburg, Pa.

dec21.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm. Steady employment. Good salary. Address, with stamp, P. O. Box 1500, N. Y.

License Applications.

Notice is hereby given that the following applications for Liquor Licenses have been filed in the Office of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria County, Pa., and will be presented to the said Court for its consideration on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18TH, 1895:

ASHVILLE BOROUGH—
Levi Burkett, Retail.
James Hanlin, Retail.
D. G. Myers, Retail.

BARNESBORO BOROUGH—
Thomas Brown, Retail.
Harry Luther, Retail.
John Hindle, Retail.
Michael McAnulty, Wholesale.
J. D. Ritter, Retail.
M. G. Weakland, Retail.

CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH—
Albert Fleck, Retail.
John Glasser, Retail.
Andrew H. Haug, Retail.
Martin C. Schroth, Retail.
Julius Rager, Retail.
Vincent J. Scultz, Retail.
C. A. Farabaugh, Brewer.
B. A. Blum, Brewer.
Vincent Reis & J. W. Dumm, Wholesale.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP—
Patrick Harrigan, Retail.
Matthew Weakland, Retail.

CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP—
George Harbor, Retail.
Simon P. Nagle, Retail.

CHEST TOWNSHIP—
Charles Rhody, Retail.

CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH—
Richard Ivory, Retail.
William J. O'Donnell, Retail.

CRESSON TOWNSHIP—
R. J. McNally, Brewer.
Matthew Adelsburg, Retail.
A. G. Brown, Retail.
William R. Dunham, Retail.
Hugh O'Donnell, Retail.
John McNally, Retail.
Charles Sutherland, Retail.
John L. Yeckley, Retail.

DEAN TOWNSHIP—
Stephen A. Cooper, Retail.
William Delaney, Retail.
William G. Snyder, Retail.

EBENSBURG BOROUGH—EAST WARD—
John B. Denny, Retail.

EBENSBURG BOROUGH—WEST WARD—
Albert E. Bender, Retail.
P. F. Brown, Retail.
L. A. Craver, Retail.

ELDER TOWNSHIP—
Jacob W. Aana, Retail.
Francis X. Ott, Retail.

GALLITZIN BOROUGH—
Arnholt Brewing Company—place, Gallitzin; residence, Altoona, Pa. Wholesale.
George Aunkenbower, Wholesale.
F. N. Burk, Retail.
R. E. Dignan, Retail.
Michael Fitzharris, Retail.
F. P. Gillen, Retail.
A. H. Hall—place, Main street; residence, Dolestown, Pa. Wholesale.
John Logue, Retail.
D. Lutz & Son Brewing Company—place, Gallitzin; residence, Allegheny, Pa. Wholesale.
Arnold Lentz, Retail.
Elmer Nelson, Retail.
Anthony Paduia, Wholesale.
L. G. Rockerfeller, Wholesale.
Henry Seymore, Retail.
A. J. Gutwaid, Retail.

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP—
John A. McGuire, Retail.

HASTINGS BOROUGH—
Jacob Bollinger, Retail.
E. L. Beckwith, Retail.
Charles Kinney, Retail.
Elmer E. Nagle, Retail.
Michael H. Nagle, Retail.
William L. Nicholson, Retail.
Samuel P. Kirkpatrick, Retail.
Marshall Gilpatrick, Retail.
Andrew Landry, Wholesale.
John A. Parks, Retail.
Frank Wargo, Retail.

LILLY BOROUGH—
George Brant, Retail.
James Dunn, Retail.
C. A. George, Retail.
Otto F. Heilly, Retail.
George Kurtz, Retail.
Blair Short, Retail.
Robert Smith, Retail.

LORETTO BOROUGH—
C. O'Donnell, Retail.

PATTON BOROUGH—
John Boyce, Wholesale.
J. F. Marks & J. F. Bonner, Wholesale.
H. C. Heck, Retail.
Edward D. Curran, Retail.
George de Garmo, Retail.
W. B. Douglass & James A. Douglass, Wholesale.
T. W. Letz, Wholesale.
E. A. Melon, Retail.
J. M. Robinson, Retail.
S. M. Wilson, Retail.
Walter J. Weakland, Wholesale.
P. P. Young, Wholesale.

PORTAGE BOROUGH—
John F. Belter, Retail.
Albert Diehl, Retail.
Philip Hopfer, Retail.
John H. Kuhn, Retail.
D. W. Martin, Retail.
G. W. Shiffler, Retail.
Thomas J. Scanlan, Retail.
William Yeckley, Retail.

PORTAGE TOWNSHIP—
W. S. Confer, Retail.
James Daily, Retail.
William H. Edwards, Retail.
J. W. Franey, Retail.

READE TOWNSHIP—
W. A. Chaplin, Retail.
Alex. C. Gray, Retail.
D. B. Newcomer, Retail.
Ellsworth Nevling, Retail.
Michael Schell, Retail.

SPANGLER BOROUGH—
F. H. Beazer, Retail.
Jedery O. Dumm, Retail.
James A. Kirkpatrick, Retail.
S. B. King, Retail.
M. C. Westover, Whole sale.

SUMMERHILL BOROUGH—
Francis Kurtz, Retail.
John Griffith, Retail.
John D. Wenderoth, Retail.

SUSQUEHANNA TOWNSHIP—
C. A. Langbein, Retail.

TUNNELHILL BOROUGH—
Joseph A. Bertram, Retail.
Bernard Delaney, Retail.
John Goldy, Retail.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP—
Michael D. Heck, Retail.
Martin Leap, Retail.
Frank Leap, Retail.
Thomas O'Brien, Wholesale.

WILMORE BOROUGH—
D. D. McHugh, Retail.
Conrad Wenderoth, Retail.

J. C. DARBY,
Clerk Q. S.

Ebensburg, Pa. Feb. 1, 1895.

THIRTY EIGHTH ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria County for the year ending December 31, 1894:

Amount insured Dec. 31, 1893	$1,651,856 00	
Amount insured during year	363,283 00	
		$2,015,139 00
Deduct amount expired during year	$ 390,478 00	
Deduct amount surrendered and cancelled	37,943 00	
		428,421 00
Amount insured Dec. 31, 1894		$1,586,718 00
Amount notes in force Dec. 31, 1893	$ 165,687 00	
Amount taken during year	36,277 00	
		201 964 00
Deduct amount expired during year	$ 36,506 00	
Deduct amount surrendered and cancelled	4,402 00	
		40,908 00
Premium notes in force Dec. 31, 1894		$ 161,606 00

CASH ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Amount on hand at last settlement	$ 1,913 20
Cash for new insurance	1,107 64
Amount received on assessment No. 12	99 42
Amount assessment No. 13	8,050 30
	$11,170 54

EXPENDITURES.

LOSSES PAID.

Jno. D. Davis	$ 1 335 00
A. Cunningham	1,000 00
Joseph Hogue	804 80
Jos. G. Noll	742 32
Thos. Gattings	584 00
Minerva Pierce	400 00
E. E. Nagle	40 80
Clearfield Township School district	11 00
Ludwina Krasser	21 40
Agnes Zern	18 00
Jno. McIlraine	15 00
Christian Yeager	5 00
Other Expenses	
Secretary's fees	309 00
Treasurer's salary	80 00
Rent	40 00
Agents' commissions	231 75
Premiums returned, policies cancelled	42 01
Printing, postage, stationery, etc.	184 06
Salary Executive Committee	45 00
Expenses adjusting losses	47 80
Commission on assessment	402 51
Bal. Assessment No. 13 uncollected	1,244 25
	7,603 69
Bal. on hand and in bank	$ 3,566 85

Jan. 23, 1895.—The foregoing statement audited, found correct and approved.

JNO. LLOYD,
JNO. J. EVANS,
C. T. ROBERTS,
Executive Committee.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 1, 1895.

Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.

Ladies waited on at their residence.

JAMES H. OANT,
Proprietor.

BIG CLEARANCE - SALE

Right after the largest and most prosperous season this house ever known, we propose making the most thorough and

CLEARANCE SALE

we have ever made and we are going to unmake prices to show people that we are in dead earnest about this sale. Our entire stock of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' Coats and Wraps—all the season's goods and all desirable styles—

Reduced 25 Per Cent.,

or one-fourth of the regular price. This sale includes lots of odd items that space won't allow us to mention.

Come and see for yourself how much we can save for you in dollars and cents.

MULLEN

THE CLOTHIER,

Cleveland Street, Lilly, Pa.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00

No. 37, Surrey Harness.

AMENDING THE BILL.

Cleveland's Plan Being Touched Up In Committee.

SILVER MEN EXPECT ITS DEATH.

They Think the Silver Senators Will Kill It With Talk—Republicans Co-Operate With Administration Democrats—Senate Committee Accomplishes Nothing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The house committee on banking and currency spent the session in debating the new administration bill, went through it by sections, adopted three important amendments and adjourned, leaving two amendments to be acted on. Chairman Springer says that the committee will be able to report the amended bill to the house today. Republican members say that the plan will be in committee two or three days longer, but all agree that it will be reported to the house in time, although materially changed from the original plan, since the Republicans are disposed to co operate with the administration Democrats. There was some sparring for points in the committee, and a general disposition to engraft personal schemes upon the measure, but as a whole the proceedings were unusually free from partisanship.

Chairman Springer has not yet decided how much time he will ask the committee on rule to give for debate. The bill is a privileged one and can be called up at any time. Accordingly, the California Democratic members, who are fighting the Reilly Pacific railroad bill very bitterly, are urging Mr. Springer to report the financial measure today, if possible, and displace the Reilly bill. The action of the house upon the amended bill seems to depend upon the Republicans, who hold the balance of power. How far the amendments will placate the opposition, remains to be seen, but it is conceded that the chances of the measure are much better in the house than in the senate. Its opponents are largely depending upon the free silver senators to talk it to death, as they may be able to do in a body which has no rule by which it can fix a day for a vote.

Of the three amendments to the bill adopted, the first, proposed by Haugen (Rep., Wis.), reduces the tax upon the circulation from 1 per cent per annum to one-fourth of 1 per cent, payable semi-annually. The second, proposed by Walker (Rep., Mass.), strikes out the fifth section of the bill, that requiring import duties to be paid in gold. The vote upon it was: Yeas, 6; nays, 4.

The other amendment adopted strikes out the words "fifty years after date" and makes the bonds "payable at the pleasure of the United States after ten years from the date of issue." This proposal to shorten the bond term met with nearly unanimous approval.

When the committee adjourned, two amendments were pending to be acted upon. One, offered by Mr. Rupell (Rep.), stipulates that the retirement and cancellation of legal tenders for each month shall not be greater than the increase in amount of national bank notes, under the operation of the plan. This amendment was carried when first offered, and then there was a successful motion to reconsider and postpone action for a day.

Representative Walker stands sponsor for the other pending amendment, which is to require one-half of the reserve funds of the banks to be held in gold coin or gold certificates, the other half in silver coin or silver certificates. Ten per cent of the reserve is to be held in this stipulated form on July 1, 1895; 20 per cent at the end of three months; the change being made at the rate of 10 per cent a quarter until completed. The discussion upon this amendment hinged on the point whether forcing the banks to secure gold for deposits would not cause a greater demand upon the treasury for gold than the raids which are now in progress.

The proceeding of the senate finance committee meeting were based upon a bill which had been prepared by Senator Voorhees. This bill provided simply for the issuance of short time certificates which were to be used for the purpose of making good the reserve and of meeting the revenue deficiency, but when the afternoon session opened he had added a clause providing for the free coinage of silver. There was a motion to strike out the silver provision, which was lost on a tie vote of 5 to 5, all the Republican members and Senator McPherson (Dem.) voting for the motion and all the Democrats opposing it. A vote was then taken on the proposition as a whole and it was lost by a vote of 7 to 3, Senators Vest and White, as well as McPherson, voting with the Republicans. There was also a tie vote on a motion by Senator Aldrich to substitute the Springer bill for the Voorhees bill.

SUGAR SCHEDULE REPEAL

Bounty-Paying Countries Don't Have to Pay the Differential.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A special order was invoked in the house to bring the bill to repeal the one-tenth of 1 cent differential duty imposed by the new tariff law on sugars imported by bounty paying countries and it was passed without amendment by a vote of 239 to 31.

A series of amendments, two offered by Mr. Hepburn and Mr. Hopkins, looking to retaliation in case Germany refused to admit our meat products after the differential; one by Mr. Hitt (Ills.), to repeal the one-eighth differential on refined sugar; one by Mr. Dingley (Me.), to provide that this act should not be construed to mean that the United States surrendered the right under treaties containing favored nation clauses, to effect bounties by the imposition of equivalent differential duties, and one by Mr VanVoorhis (N. Y.), to place all sugar, raw and refined, on the free list, were lost by practically strictly party votes.

The debate was of an interesting character and at times very spirited. It touched quite extensively on the treasury situation and the remedies to be applied. Mr. Dingley (Me.) made a long statement of the receipts and expenditures to show that the treasury was suffering from lack of revenue and that the first duty of the government was to increase the receipts of the treasury. Mr. Reed took a similar view of the situation, which was again denied by Mr. Wilson (W. Va.). The attempts to amend the bill by repealing the other portions of the sugar duty were opposed by Mr. Wilson on the ground that if the bill was loaded down with amendments it would surely meet its doom in the senate.

Manitoba School Case Reopened.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The lord chancellor, Baron Herschell, has delivered judgment allowing the appeal from the decision of the supreme court of Canada in the case of Brophy and others against the attorney general of Manitoba, rendered Feb. 20, 1894, and known as the "Manitoba school case." No costs were allowed. This reopens the case of the right of Catholics to maintain parochial schools without being taxed for common schools.

Will Uphold Autocracy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 30.—The czar and czarina have received, at the winter palace, 182 deputies, representing the nobility of the chief cities, the Zemstvos, or provincial institutions and the different corps of Kossacks. Addressing the deputation, the czar said: "Let everyone understand that I shall devote all my strength to our dear Russia, but I am as firmly resolved as my ever-lamented father to uphold autocracy."

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Porter's Philadelphia Councilmanic Bill Defeated—Some New Appointments.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 30.—Senator Porter's Philadelphia councilmanic bill was defeated in the senate.

Senator Flinn introduced a bill providing that any public officers required to file a bond may file the bond of a surety or guarantee company, authorized to do such business, and such bond shall be all that it is required, whether such officer is required to file bond with one or more sureties. Such guarantee bond shall be in lieu of all such.

The second section provides that no company shall be authorized to do such business except it shall have a paid-up capital not less than $500,000, and have at least $100,000 invested in securities created by laws of the United States or of the state wherein such company is incorporated, or other safe, marketable and interest-bearing stocks or securities worth at least par and deposited with the insurance commissioner.

Governor Hastings sent to the senate the nomination of A. J. Logan to be quartermaster general of the national guard, and John Lowry Roger to be alderman in the Fifth ward, Johnstown. Both were confirmed. The governor has also appointed Howard B Hartswick of Clearfield to be assistant state librarian. Mr. Hartswick was a strong candidate for law clerk in the attorney general's office, which place was given Mr. Graham of Carlisle.

The house committee on rules reported for sessions to begin next week at 10 o'clock instead of 11. An amendment was offered for adjournment at 1 p. m. A lively tilt followed, in which the shorter session idea was aired. The amendment was supported by Merrick, Bliss, Cochrane and others in the interest of committee work, but failed, and the resolution of the committee passed by a narrow majority.

The house committee on agriculture reported favorably the two bills of Mr Muehlbronner regulating the sale of oleomargarine and providing for the payment of an annual license of $100 by dealers in the same.

A Russian Official Arrives.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 30.—Captain Biazanine Gabriel of St. Petersburg, Russia, the inspector of the Russian government, dispatched here to the ordnance works of the Bethlehem Iron company, has arrived in Bethlehem. He has brought with him the plans and specifications for the armor of Russia's two new war vessels, which the Bethlehem Iron company is to manufacture. The work is to be begun at once. Inspector Gabriel is a middleaged man of commanding appearance.

A Youthful Traveler.

EASTON, Pa., Jan. 30.—A little 9-year old boy, Charles Dittinger, has arrived here from Forest Home, Ills., after making the trip entirely on his own resources. He is the son of Mrs Frank Dittinger of 1042 Butler street. His father died when he was 3 years old, and his mother married and came here leaving the child with relatives. Recently he decided he wanted to see his mother, so he started alone on his journey of 1,100 miles.

Started to Organize Secretly.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—After five years of disorganization, the employes of Park Bros. & Black, Diamond steelworks, have started to organize secretly. This is partly the result of recent wage reductions at the plant. Five years ago the power of the Knights of Labor was broken by the firm at its mills.

Death of a Former Pittsburger.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—James McCandless, a former member of the firm of McCandless, Johnson & Co., Pittsburg, has died at his home, Fifteenth and Jefferson streets, in his 81st year. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Join the K. of L. Revolt.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—District Assembly No. 3 of the Knights of Labor, composed of Pittsburgers, to the number of 3,800, have officially announced their refusal to have anything more to do with the general office of the Knights of Labor in Philadelphia.

Draining the Philadelphia Mint.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Secretary Carlisle has ordered $2,500,000 in gold shipped to New York from the United States mint in this city. It is said that there may be a further drain on the mint.

Wounded by Italians.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 30.—Peter and Michael Judge of Pittston are lying at the point of death from wounds received during a fight with Italians.

Disappeared While Demented.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 30.—The tragic death of the Rev. Dr. Liebhardt of this city, editor of the Hans Und Herd, who either fell or was thrown from a train in Canada, has, it is supposed, unbalanced the mind of Miss Lizzie Dohrmann of Covington, Ky., his sister-in-law. She left home without warning Monday morning, insufficiently clad, and has not since been heard from. Her father, Mr. J. F. Dohrmann, has offered a reward for any information that will lead to discovering her whereabouts. She is about 30 years of age, a blonde, and was wearing a gray and black striped woolen dress and no wrap when she went away.

Judge Jackson No Worse.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 30.—Information received from Thomasville, Ga., is to the effect that the condition of Judge Howell E. Jackson of the supreme court of the United State is no worse, and that he has decided to leave there for his home near Nashville tomorrow. General Jackson, his brother, says there are no grounds for the alarming rumors which were circulated concerning Judge Jackson's health. The climatic influence of Thomasville, has, he said, ceased to be beneficial to Judge Jackson's health, and for this reason he had decided to come home.

They Need Severe Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—It is announced that unless extreme wintry conditions all over the country create at once a general demand for rubber goods, it is probable that several of the rubber goods factories controlled by the United States Rubber company, including the factories at New Brunswick, N. J., employing about 1,200 hands, will shut down indefinitely. The existing dullness is attributed wholly to the open ness of the present winter.

Owner of Alcyron Dead.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 30.—Frank I. Noble, formerly owner of the famous trotting stallion Alcyron, has died at his home in this city, aged 45 years. He had been suffering from kidney trouble and had been confined to his bed for ten days, but his death was not expected.

A Big Wheat Deal.

TOLEDO, Jan. 30.—On the Toledo Stock Exchange William E. Brigham, of the grain firm of Carrington & Co., sold to Frank I King, of C. A. King & Co., 300,000 bushels of wheat at 53½ cents per bushel, netting $160,500.

The Weather.

Fair; southwest to west winds.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Revolt has broken out in Colombia, and inhabitants of Colon are depending upon United States protection.

Captain Howgate's trial was delayed in the criminal court at Washington by the illness of a juror.

The decision sentencing Councilman John T. Callahan of New Orleans to five years' imprisonment for accepting bribes, was reversed by the supreme court in that city.

Judge Beekman, in the supreme court at New York, overruled an application for a demurrer filed by George J. Gould, in an action to recover $11,000,000.

M. Spiskin was appointed at St. Petersburg to succeed temporarily the late Russian minister of foreign affairs M. de Giers.

WILL REPEL INVASION.

Guatemala Assured of Help In Case of War.

CENTRAL AMERICA VS. MEXICO.

Ministers of Different Countries Promise to Assist Guatemala—Representatives of the Two Countries Call on Secretary Gresham at Washington.

GUATEMALA, Jan. 30.—The president has just received Minister Arias of Honduras. Ministers Gomez of Nicaragua and Estupinan of Salvador have been received before. All their speeches, which were full of patriotism, clearly show that Guatemala would not stand alone in case of a Mexican conflict.

They have individually offered the cooperation of their countries to Guatemala in such an event, showing that on any question directly affecting all, Central America stands united to repel any invasion. The Costa Rica legation arrives soon, and is confidently expected to express the same resolutions favoring Central Americanism as heartily as shown by the legations of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras.

A Washington special says: Senor Romero, the Mexican minister, and Senor Arriago, the Guatemalan minister, called at the state department. They were admitted at once to the diplomatic room and entered upon a discussion of the troubles between their respective countries with Secretary Gresham. In such cases the ministers are usually charged with power by their governments to offer and receive suggestions looking to a settlement of the disputed questions, subject, of course, to the approval of the home governments, but in this case both officials have denied that the matter is in their hands, so the inference is that Secretary Gresham is simply urging them to advise their governments to show a spirit of mutual concession. All the parties to the conference refuse to disclose the nature of the proceedings, but it is suggested in one quarter that a tentative proposition advanced looks to the relegation of the Mexican demand for a money indemnity for trespass on the Chiapas lands to the date of the completion of the boundary survey between Mexico and Guatemala. If it is then found that Guatemala has been guilty of trespass, she must pay the indemnity and not otherwise.

DIDN'T WANT TO VOTE.

North Carolina Women Glad Over the Defeat of a Bill.

RALEIGH, Jan. 30.—There has been a disposition manifested on the part of a large number of Populist members of the legislature to give women the right to vote on certain occasions and to make them eligible to certain offices. A bill to require that one member of the school committee in each county shall be a woman was defeated in the senate by a vote of 26 to 19.

A large number of women were spectators in the senate galleries when the vote was taken, and when the result was announced they loudly applauded, thus illustrating what is generally known—that the white women of North Carolina, and the south generally, are opposed to female suffrage, and are not in favor of members of their sex holding public office.

Killed by a Sparrow.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—Two sons of Charles Moore, living eight miles from this city, captured an English sparrow. They took the bird home. On being released the sparrow flew savagely at Ida, the baby sister, and fiercely seized her lower lip. The baby's screams brought her mother to the rescue and she endeavored to get the sparrow away. Before this could be done, the bird had to be killed and the beak pried open with pinchers. An illness, in the nature of blood poisoning set in, and the little one soon succumbed.

Chicago Bankers For It.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The following telegram, signed by the presidents of 20 of the leading banks of Chicago, has been sent to Washington addressed to Senators Cullom and Palmer of Illinois and Congressman Aldrich of this city: "The bankers of Chicago respectfully urge members of the senate and house, irrespective of party, to unite in the immediate passage of a bill in conformity with the president's message. The business interests of the country demand such action."

Voting on a General Strike.

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 30.—Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is on his way to the Pacific coast. Under his instructions all the brotherhoods are being pooled on all the roads in order to get a vote on the question of ordering a general strike. According to the rules of the brotherhood a general strike cannot be ordered without a consenting vote from two thirds of the members of the organization.

Fractured His Skull.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 30.—William Dickman, a German farmhand, was found unconscious in a buggyshed in the rear of 415 Charles street by John Vogt, a relative, who lives at the number indicated. He died without recovering consciousness, and an autopsy disclosed that his skull was fractured over the left ear, and that death resulted from a bloodclot on the brain. It is supposed that he received his injuries in a fall.

Fifteen Killed In a Riot.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 30.—A terrible riot has occurred at Ocatlan. Miners who were working in rival mines became involved in a row, which soon became a general fight. The police were sent for, and with great difficulty restored peace. After the excitement had quieted down it was discovered that 15 had been killed and 35 badly wounded.

To Prevent Sunday Games.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—By a vote of 86 to 23 the Missouri house has gone on record as endorsing a bill to prevent Sunday baseball. The bill provides for a fine of $50 for each offender and places such games on a level with Sunday gambling.

Mary Anderson Has Recovered.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—F. Antonio Navarro, the husband of Mary Anderson Navarro, the former actress, says that his wife has quite recovered from the illness which followed the birth of her son, which died a few hours latter on Dec. 10th last.

Fair's Will Stolen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The will of the late James G. Fair has been stolen from the clerk's office, and there is not the slightest clew to the perpetrators of the crime.

More Trouble In Brazil.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 30.—The partisans of ex-President Peixoto are making manifestations daily and threatening to cause trouble. The government is taking precautions. It is rumored that the military cadets are engaged in a conspiracy.

An American Consul Having Trouble.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 30.—There has been a serious disagreement between the American consulate agent at Fez and the Mooorish government. The details of the affair are not known.

Count Bismarck Promoted.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The Militarir Wochenblatt announces that Count Herbert Bismarck has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

CARS RUNNING IN BROOKLYN.

Many Strikers Were Injured by the Raid of Their Headquarters.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 30.—Cars are running on the different street car lines in fair order. Small riots still continue.

Odd Fellows' hall, on Palmetto street, the strikers' headquarters, has not been opened since the police raided it Monday night. The men who fell victims to the policemen's clubs at that time are nursing their injuries. One of the most seriously injured is Master Workman Thomas Murray. The interior of the hall presents the appearance of a desperate battleground. After being raided three times within a week, the windows and doors are shattered and the walls have been punctured by many bullets.

While car 148 of the Fulton street line was passing under the elevated railroad structure at the corner of Alabama avenue and Fulton street shortly after dark last evening, a short dark man leaped out from the shadow of one of the iron pillars, and jumping on the rear step of the car, lunged at Conductor Green, who was standing on the platform, with a knife. As he did so, his foot slipped and the blade was buried in Green's body just over the left hip. In the confusion that ensued Green's assailant made his escape.

MORE FINANCIAL TALK.

The Bankruptcy Bill Debated In the House—Several Measures Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — President Cleveland's financial message has again started the eddies and currents of sentiment on the financial question in the senate. While this has not yet crystalized into definite action, several incidents occurred in the senate which indicated general tendencies. Mr Manderson (Rep., Neb.) presented a compromise plan. The senator emphasized the need of concession and compromise in a vigorous speech, urging senators to give and take in order that some common ground for getting the financial emergency might be secured.

In replying, Mr. Teller (Rep., Colo.) made the significant declaration that no such compromise legislation could be effected at this session of congress.

Among the measures passed during the day were those for the incorporation of the National Association of Florists, and for the sale of international mileage tickets to commercial travelers, known as the commercial traveler's bill.

Most of the session was given to the bankruptcy bill, Mr. Mitchell (Rep., Or.) offering a substitute on the so-called Torrey bankruptcy bill, and Mr. George (Dem., Miss.) speaking at length in explanation of the bill.

Approve the President's Message.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The national board of trade convention has adopted the following: "Resolved, That the national board of trade, now assembled, strongly approves the earnest message concerning the financial condition of the country, just sent to congress by the president of the United States, and strongly hopes that congress will set aside all feeling, except from paramount duty to the country, and enact that legislation that is necessary to strengthen the federal treasury, maintain the public faith and credit, and tend to relieve the industries, trade and business of the people from the financial disturbances from which they have recently suffered."

A Dinner to the Clevelands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The dinner given by Attorney General and Mrs. Olney to President and Mrs. Cleveland was one of the most delightful of the winter. The guests were: President and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary of State and Mrs. Gresham, Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle, Secretary of War and Mrs. Lamont, Secretary of the Navy and Miss Herbert, Postmaster General and Mrs. Bissell, the secretary of agriculture, Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. Slater, Miss Lee, Miss Loring, Sir Rivers Wilson and Mr. Carter.

Receivers For the Whisky Trust.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—At the residence of Federal Judge Grosscup, on application of New York stockholders of the whisky trust, representing about $3,000,000 of stock, Joseph B. Greenhut of Peoria, Ills., and E. F. Lawrence of Chicago were appointed receivers of the trust. The application was based upon the general poor condition of the business of the trust at the present time, and upon the inability of the organization to float an issue of bonds, from the proceeds of which it was expected to gain financial relief.

A Prominent Politician Arrested.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Frances Schoomaker of Plainfield, N. J., a prominent politician of that state, has been arrested at the Chicago Beach hotel here, charged with obtaining $2,500 from Christopher Strobel of Waterbury, Conn. by false pretenses. He is said to have been in hiding in Chicago for several weeks. Schoomaker claims to be a large stockholder in the United Press.

An Echo of a Duel.

TRENTON, Jan. 30.—Mrs. May E. Riegel has brought suit in the court of chancery for alimony against her husband, Dr. E. Lear Riegel of Bloomsbury, between whom and William Bibbler, a number of shots were exchanged a few days ago. Mrs. Riegel bases her application for alimony on the ground of desertion and cruel treatment.

Long Granted a Mandamus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Judge Bradley of the district supreme court has granted the mandamus aked for by Judge Charles D. Long of Michigan to compel Commissioner Lochren of the pension bureau to restore the former rating of $72 per month to the plaintiff. The mandamus against Secretary Smith, asked for by Judge Long, was denied as unnecessary.

Fifty Employes Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Fifty employes of the census bureau have been dismissed to take effect tomorrow. Most of the remaining 200 will be dropped from the rolls during February. The last section of the farms, homes and mortgages division is abolished by the order and only the divisions of population, vital statistics and final results now remain.

Cured by the Lord.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—Norfolk has a remarkable example of faith-cure in Miss Katie Florence Turpin, an orphan, 18 years old, whose spine was injured by a fall when she was 9 months old, confining her to the bed or a wheel chair. The other day she arose from her bed and walked across the room, announcing that God, in answer to prayer, had cured her.

Thieves Fight Over Spoils.

PERRY, O. T., Jan. 30.—A priest who has returned from Sacred Heart mission tells of a battle near there between two gangs of outlaws over the distribution of some spoils, one gang had stolen. A terrible fight with knives, pistols and Winchesters ensued for several hours, at least one man being killed, while several others were badly wounded.

A Prominent Woman Suicides.

NILES, O., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Louis Sahm, a lady prominent in church work at this place, stood before a mirror and blew her brains out with a revolver. The woman held her young infant in her arms while she committed the deed. The baby was uninjured. Poor health probably led to the act.

Good Show For a Lynching.

LA JUNTA, Colo., Jan. 30.—Charles Donnevan, a barkeeper, has been arrested on a charge of attempted criminal assault upon the 9-year-old daughter of James Claussman, a blind man. If Donnevan can be secured by a mob his chances for hanging are good.

Have You A Rival?

The people have long since come to the conclusion that the loud claims of the average Sewing Machine agent, about the superiority of the $40 to $60 Machines over the kind we sell, are most absurd.

When we first introduced the Rival Sewing Machne into this section, there were grave doubts as to our ability to do as we claimed to do—sell a first-class, fully-equipped and guaranteed Machine at about half the prices charged by regular Sewing Machine dealers. Buying Sewing Machines at dry goods prices was new and novel to the people, but they've displayed their itnelligence by coming here in liberal numbers and securing a Rival for their use.

There Are No Complaints.

Notwithstanding the large number of Rival Sewing Machines which we have placed in the homes of Altoona people, we have a clean record so far as complaints are concerned.

Buyers run no risk. We will refund the purchase money if any Machine proves unsatisfactory. We wouldn't want to sell you a Sewing Machine any more than any other article that would not give you satisfaction.

Three-drawer Rival, oak	$19.50
Five-drawer Rival, oak	21.00
Seven-drawer Rival, oak	25.00
Three-drawer New Home, oak	19.50
Three-drawer New Home, fancy oak	25.00

Complete set of attachments with each machine.

Write for particulars.

Gable & Co.,

ALTOONA, PA.

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. **The best remedy is Ayer's Pills.** Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Is Early Rising ••• ••• Healthful?

It Is If You Start the Day by Reading the Right Kind of a Newspaper, and

The Patriot is the right kind. It is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches Central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day.

It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the state and the only one printed at the State capital the official and political centre of the Commonwealth.

It prints the news, receiving it over its own wires through the extraordinary facilities of the great Press Associations, aided by its own correspondents.

The Patriot is Democratic to the core. It is opposed to bosses and and an enemy of corrupt mon polies. It isn't afraid to fight the wrong; it never hesitates to speak for the right.

It makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all other State papers combined.

The Legislative session of 1895 will be of great importance to the people of the State. **The Patriot** with special reporters will keep its readers fully informed concerning this and all other political and economic matters. It has exclusive opportunities for securing advance news of a public kind.

DAILY, every week day morning in the year, $5 a year.

WEEKLY, Tuesday evening of each week, $1 a year.

THE DAILY issue will be sent four months on trial, by mail only, on receipt of $1.

The Patriot is the best advertising medium in Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

Free to the Unemployed:—It inserts without charge advertisements of those wanting employment. Its Help Order has brought assistance to hundreds. It has a Cent a Word Want Column for other Wants. Address,

THE PATRIOT COMPANY,
dec21. Harrisburg, Pa.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

License Applications.

Notice is hereby given that the following applications for Liquor Licenses have been filed in the Office of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria County, Pa., and will be presented to the said Court for its consideration on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18TH, 1895:

ASHVILLE BOROUGH—
Levi Burkett, Retail.
James Hanlin, Retail.
D. G. Myers Retail.

BARNESBORO BOROUGH—
Thomas Brown, Retail.
Harry Luther, Retail.
John Hindle, Retail.
Michael McAnulty, Wholesale.
J. D. Ritter, Retail.
M. C. Weakland, Retail.

CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH—
Albert Yeck, Retail.
John Glasser, Retail.
Andrew H. Haug, Retail.
Martin C. Schroth, Retail.
Julius Rager, Retail.
Vincent J. Stoltz, Retail.
C. A. Farabaugh, Brewer.
H. A. Blum Brewer
Vincent Reig & J. W. Dumm, Wholesale.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP—
Patrick Harrican, Retail.
Matthew Weakland, Retail.

CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP—
George Harber, Retail.
Simon P. Nagle, Retail.

CHEST TOWNSHIP—
Charles Rhody, Retail.

CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH—
Richard Ivory, Retail.
William J. O'Donnell, Retail.

CRESSON TOWNSHIP—
R. J. McNally, Brower
Matthew Adelsburg, Retail.
A. G. Brown, Retail.
William R. Dunham, Retail.
Hugh O'Donnell, Retail.
John McNally, Retail.
Charles Sutherland, Retail.
John L. Yeckley, Retail.

DEAN TOWNSHIP—
Stephen A. Cooper, Retail.
William Delaney, Retail.
William G. Snyder, Retail.

EBENSBURG BOROUGH—EAST WARD—
John B. Dewey, Retail.

EBENSBURG BOROUGH—WEST WARD—
Albert E. Bender, Retail.
P. F. Brown, Retail.
L. A. Craver, Retail.

ELDER TOWNSHIP—
Jacob W. Auna, Retail.
Francis X. Ott, Retail.

GALLITZIN BOROUGH—
Arnholt Brewing Company—place, Gallitzin; residence, Altoona, Pa. Who esale.
George Aunkenower, Who esale.
F. N. Burk, Retail.
R. E. Dignan, Retail.
Michael Fitzgarris, Retail.
F. P. Gillen, Retail.
A. H. Heist—place, Main street; residence, Tylestown, Pa. Wholesale.
John Logue, Retail.
D. Lutz & Son Brewing Company—place, Gallitzin; residence, Allegheny, Pa. Wholesale.
Arnold Lentz, Retail.
Elmer Nelson, Retail.
Anthony Padula, Wholesale.
L. C. Rockefeller, Wholesale.
Henry Seymore, Retail.
A. J. Gutwald, Retail.

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP—
John A. McGuire, Retail.

HASTINGS BOROUGH—
Jacob Bollinger, Retail.
E. L. Beckwith, Retail.
Charles Kinney, Retail.
Elmer E. Nagle, Retail.
Michael H. Nagle, Retail.
William L. Nicholson, Retail.
Samuel P. Kirkpatrick, Retail.
Marshall Gilpatrick, Retail.
Andrew Lantzy, Wholesale.
John A. Parks, Retail.
Frank Wargo, Retail.

LILLY B. ROUGH—
George Brant, Retail.
James Dunn, Retail.
C. A. George, Retail.
Otto F. Helly, Retail.
George Kurtz, Retail.
Blair Short, Retail.
Robert Smith, Retail.

LORETTO BOROUGH—
C. F. O'Donnell, Retail.

PATTON BOROUGH—
John Boyce, Wholesale.
J. F. Marks & J. F. Sonner, Wholesale.
H. C. Beck, Retail.
Edward D. Curran, Retail.
George de Garmo, Retail.
W. B. Douglass & James A. Douglass, Wholesale.
T. W. Letz, Wholesale.
E. A. Melson, Retail.
J. M. Robinson, Retail.
S. M. Wilson, Retail.
Walter J. Weakland, Wholesale.
P. P. Young, Wholesale.

PORTAGE BOROUGH—
John F. Belter, Retail.
Albert Diehl, Retail.
Philip Hopfer, Retail.
John H. Kuhn, Retail.
D. W. Martin, Retail.
G. W. Shiffler, Retail.
Thomas J. Scanlan, Retail.
William Yeckley, Retail.

PORTAGE TOWNSHIP—
W. S. Conter, Retail.
James Daily, Retail.
William B. Edwards, Retail.
J. W. Franey, Retail.

READE TOWNSHIP—
W. A. Chaplin, Retail.
Alex. C. Gray, Retail.
D. B. Newcomer, Retail.
Ellsworth Nevling, Retail.
Michael Schell, Retail.

SPANGLER BOROUGH—
F. B. Hearer, Retail.
Henry C. Dumm, Retail.
James A. Kirkpatrick, Retail.
S. B. King, Retail.
M. O. Westover, Whole sale.

SUMMERHILL BOROUGH—
Francis Kurtz, Retail.
John Griffith, Retail.
John D. Wenderoth, Retail.

SUSQUEHANNA TOWNSHIP—
C. A. Langbein, Retail.

TUNNELHILL BOROUGH—
Joseph A. Bertram, Retail.
Bernard O'Hanry, Retail.
John Goldy, Retail.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP—
Michael H. Beck, Retail.
Martin Leap, Retail.
Frank Leap, Retail.
Thomas O'Brien, Wholesale.

WILMORE BOROUGH—
D. D. McHugh, Retail.
Conrad Wenderoth, Retail.

J. C. DARBY,
Clerk Q. S.

Ebensburg, Pa. Feb. 1, 1895.

THIRTY EIGHTH ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria County for the year ending December 31, 1894:

Amount insured Dec. 31, 1893	$1,651,856 00	
Amount insured during year	363,283 00	
		$2,015,139 00
Deduct amount expired during year	$ 390,478 00	
Deduct amount surrendered and cancelled	37,943 00	
		428,421 00
Amount insured Dec. 31, 1894		$1,586,718 00
Amount notes in force Dec. 31, 1893	$ 165,687 00	
Amount taken during year	36,277 00	
		201 964 00
Deduct amount expired during year	$ 36,506 00	
Deduct amount surrendered and cancelled	4,452 00	
		40,958 00
Premium notes in force Dec. 31, 1894		$ 161,606 00

CASH ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Amount on hand at last settlement	$ 1,913 20
Cash for new insurance	1,107 62
Amount received on assessment No. 12	99 42
Amount as. essment No. 13	8,050 30
	$11,170 54

EXPENDITURES.

LOSSES PAID.

Jno. D. Davis	$ 1 335 00
A. Cunningham	1,000 00
Joseph Hogue	804 80
Jos. C. Noil	742 32
Thos. Gattings	584 00
Minerva Pierce	400 00
E. E. Nagle	40 80
Clearfield Township School district	11 00
Ludwina Krasser	21 40
Agnes Zern	18 00
Jos. McGraine	15 00
Christian Yeager	5 00
Other Expenses—	
Secretary's fees	309 00
Treasurer's salary	80 00
Rent	40 00
Agents' commissions	231 75
Premiums returned, policies cancelled	42 01
Printing, postage, stationery, etc	184 06
Salary Executive Committee	45 00
Expenses adjusting losses	47 80
Commission on assessment	402 51
Bal. Assessment No. 13 uncollected	1,344 25
	7,603 09
Bal. on hand and in bank	$ 3,566 85

Jan. 23, 1895—The foregoing statement audited, found correct and approved.

JNO. LLOYD,
JNO. J. EVANS,
C. T. ROBERTS,
Executive Committee.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 1, 1895.

Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Lather, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.

Ladies waited on at their residences.

JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm that pays promptly. Good salary. Steady employment. Outfit free. Address, P. O. Box 1, Altoona, Pa.

BIG CLEARANCE - SALE

Right after the largest and most prosperous season this house ever known, we propose making the most thorough and sweeping

CLEARANCE SALE

we have ever made and we are going to unmake prices that show people that we are in dead earnest about this sale. Our entire stock of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' Coats and Wraps—all this season's goods and all desirable styles—

Reduced 25 Per Cent.

or one-fourth of the regular price. This sale includes lots of items that space won't allow us to mention.

Come and see for yourself how much we can save for you in dollars and cents.

MULLEN

THE CLOTHIER,

Cleveland Street, Lilly, Pa.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. Co.